

Economics and Strategy

July 8, 2016

FINANCIAL MARKETS

A division of National Bank of Canada

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Week in review

Canada — Employment was essentially unchanged in June (-0.7K) according to the Labour Force Survey, slightly below consensus calling for a 5K rise. The jobless rate dropped one tick to 6.8% as the participation rate dropped to 65.5% from 65.7%. The rise in self-employment (+38K) was more than offset by declines in the private sector (-11K) and government (-28K). Full-time employment dropped 40K while part-time jobs were up 39K. The goods sector (-46K) was down with losses in all sectors. Major pullbacks were observed in construction (-29K) and manufacturing (-13K). Services sector employment was significantly up (+46K) with major gains in accommodation/food services, information/culture, trade and professional services while educational services and other services lagged. On a regional basis, BC employment rose a massive 16K while Quebec (-11K), Ontario (-4K) and Alberta (-2K) were down. All told, June's report was slightly below expectations and the details of the report are not particularly impressive. Much of the previous month gains in full-time employment were erased while private sector jobs posted a second consecutive decline. In our view, such a moderation was in the cards after outsized gains in the previous three months. The Bank of Canada's business outlook survey, conducted from May 9 to June 8, is showing a weak outlook for employment so we don't expect a hiring spree in the coming months. We continue to see an 8K average monthly growth in 2016 as BC and Central Canada should continue to compensate for weaknesses in energy-producing provinces.

Canada's merchandise trade deficit improved marginally to C\$3.28 billion in May (from a revised C\$3.32 billion in April) as nominal imports fell slightly faster than exports (-0.8% versus -0.7%). Gains in energy exports (+7.1%, due entirely to higher prices) and aerospace (+2.2%) were more than offset by declines elsewhere, including in autos and parts (-1%) and consumer goods (-1.2%). Imports fell in several categories including industrial machinery and aircraft, more than offsetting increases in energy. The energy trade surplus rose slightly to C\$3.2 billion while the non-energy trade deficit was roughly

unchanged at C\$6.5 billion. In real terms, Canada's exports fell 2.7% and imports fell 2.2%. This trade report was disappointing. Volume exports of non-energy products fell in a month when our main customer, the U.S., increased its volume imports of nonpetroleum products. The benefits of the currently cheap Canadian dollar seem to be blunted by lost market share courtesy of the loonie's surge between 2002 and 2012. Real exports of non-energy products remain about 10% below the peak of 2007. Assuming no change in June and no revision to prior months, real exports will have declined roughly 19% annualized in Q2, the worst quarterly slump since the recession of 2009, while imports fell about 1%. In other words, expect trade to be a massive drag on economic growth in Q2. Adding to the bad news is a continuing decline in imports of industrial machinery, suggesting that the investment slump continued in Q2. The only good news, though scant consolation, is that terms of trade seem to be stabilizing. Overall, the trade data are consistent with a sharp cooling of the economy in the second quarter of 2016 from the 2.4% growth rate of Q1. We expect a contraction of more than 1% annualized for Canadian GDP in Q2.

Building permits fell 1.9% in May to \$6.8 billion. The value of permits in the residential sector was down 1.1% on the month after a 0.9% decline in April. Permit value for single-family dwellings fell 7.2% in May after three consecutive increases, but rose 7.1% for multi-family dwellings. In the nonresidential sector the value of permits was also down on the month, falling 3.3% to \$2.5 billion. The number of permits showed large increases for multiple units in Ontario outside Toronto, in Quebec (mostly Montreal), in Nova Scotia and in Manitoba, partly offset by large decreases in Alberta (mostly Calgary) and B.C. (mostly Vancouver). For single-family units the number of permits was down in all 10 provinces but Ontario accounted for slightly more than half the decrease. Overall, the seasonally adjusted number of residential building permits was about flat in May.

The Bank of Canada's Business Outlook Survey conducted from May 9 to June 8 showed a business outlook little improved from the previous survey (February 11 to March 7). Firms reported no sales growth over the past 12 months and expected just a marginal acceleration over the coming year. Intentions to invest in machinery and equipment remained unchanged at 9, i.e. in positive territory but low. Capacity pressure fell slightly. Only 35% of respondents said they would have either some or significant difficulty in meeting an unexpected increase in demand. The proportion of respondents facing labour shortages fell to 19% from 20% in the last survey, a decline reflected in weaker hiring intentions – the related balance of opinion fell to 21. Firms reported some easing in credit conditions compared to

three months earlier. In sharp contrast, the separately released BoC Senior Loan Officer survey for Q2 (conducted June 6 to 10) showed lending conditions tightening sharply from the previous quarter, with the corresponding index moving to a seven-year high of 23.9. Both price and non-price conditions worsened for corporate and commercial borrowers, especially in the oil and gas sector.

United States — Nonfarm payrolls surged 287K in June, much stronger than the 180K expected by consensus. However, there were downward revisions to prior months that subtracted 6K from payrolls. In June, the private sector added 265K jobs with gains in services (+256K) and even the goods sector (+9K). The increase in goods sector employment was due to manufacturing, while construction payrolls were flat and mining lost jobs again. The private services sector job gains were driven by education/health (+59K), leisure/hospitality (+59K), information (+44K), and trade/transportation (+27K). Government added 22K positions. Average hourly earnings rose 0.1% and were up 2.6% on a year-on-year basis. The employment diffusion index jumped to 62.4, the highest in a year. The other US employment report, the household survey (similar methodology to Canada's LFS) showed only 67K new jobs being created in June as strong gains in full-time jobs were offset by declines in part-time employment. But the weak overall number, coupled with the one tick increase in the participation rate to 62.7%, caused the jobless rate to rise two ticks to 4.9%. The US employment reports were much better than expected with a stunning NFP and a household survey showing strong gains in full-time positions. The rebound in NFP employment is encouraging after a soft couple of months, but more impressive is the widespread nature of the jobs created in June as evidenced by the private sector diffusion index which is at a oneyear high. The uptick in the manufacturing sector is good to see, although the lack of construction employment, is a bit disappointing. Wage inflation, despite the uptick, remains mild.

Factory orders fell 1.0% in May after two months of increases (1.8% in April and 1.7% in March). Durable goods orders were down 2.3%, largely because of a 5.7% drop in the transportation component. Excluding transportation, factory orders actually increased 0.1%. Inventories continued to shrink, declining 0.1% in May (-3.0% from a year earlier). The ratio of inventories to shipments was nevertheless down only slightly, to 1.36 from 1.37 in April. With May's third consecutive increase, factory orders excluding transportation have stabilized after four substantial declines from November through February.

The U.S. **trade deficit** widened to \$41.1 billion in May from \$37.4 billion in April. The deterioration was due to higher imports (+1.6%) and lower exports (-0.2%). In real terms, imports were up 1% despite a decline in imports of crude, and exports were down 1.5%. Even after the May drop, real exports are on track for growth of about 2% annualized in Q2 (driven entirely by petroleum) and real imports are on track to come in roughly flat. So in sharp contrast to Canada, trade probably contributed to U.S. GDP growth in Q2.

The ISM Non-Manufacturing index rose to 56.5 in June from 52.9 in May. New orders rose to 59.9 from 54.2 and the employment subindex rose to 52.7 from 49.7. The business activity subindex also rose, to 59.5 from 55.1. The rebound of the Non-Manufacturing ISM to a seven-month high, significantly above consensus expectations, is welcome. New orders subindexes in the manufacturing (57.0) and non-manufacturing surveys (59.9) are comfortably in expansion territory and consistent with an acceleration of U.S. economic growth in Q2 after two consecutive subpar quarters. That said, these were pre-Brexit readings and the current environment marked by disappointing earnings is not conducive to more intensive hiring. Both manufacturing and non-manufacturing employment indexes remain less than stellar.

The minutes from the June 14-15 FOMC show participants differing in their interpretation of the recent slowing of payroll employment gains. Many suggested it could be just noise. Some thought it might instead indicate a broader economic slowdown. Almost all judged that the weak May jobs report increased their uncertainty about the labour market outlook. Opinions also diverged about the softness of business fixed investment since late last year. A variety of potential causes were put forward, but some thought it could portend a broader slowdown. In these conditions, most judged that they would need to accumulate additional information on the labour market, production and spending to decide whether the stance of monetary policy should be adjusted. Most participants shared the view that if incoming information confirmed enough momentum (GDP and employment growth), raising the target range for the fed funds rate would be appropriate. Members also generally thought it would be prudent to assess the consequences of the Brexit vote for the U.S. economic outlook before acting. Members expected inflation to remain low in the near term. As usual, several participants expressed concern that delaying further gradual rate hikes would increase the risk of financial instability or of overshooting the inflation target.

World — In China, the Caixin/Markit Services PMI edged up to 52.7 in June from 51.2 in May. Combined with the previously released manufacturing index (down 0.6 to 48.6), this result left the composite index marginally lower at 50.3 versus 50.5 in May.

In **Japan**, the Nikkei PMI services index fell 1 point to 49.4 in June. The preliminary reading of the leading economic indicator in May was unchanged (100) from April. The coincident index was down 1.5 points to 110.5.

In the **Eurozone**, May retail sales matched expectations, rising 0.4% m/m. The June services PMI edged up 4 ticks to 52.8, contributing to a 3-tick rise in the composite index to 53.1.

What we'll be watching

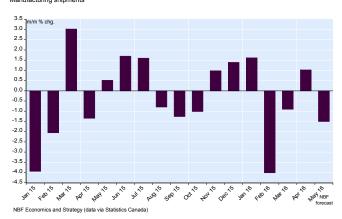


In Canada, the highlight of the week will be the Bank of Canada's interest rate announcement and Monetary Policy Report (MPR) on Wednesday. An interest rate cut can never be ruled out considering soft

growth, uncertainties raised by Brexit, and the surprising resilience of the Canadian dollar. But considering upcoming fiscal stimulus from the federal government and the central bank's concerns about rising household debt, we expect the BoC to remain in pause mode and keep dry the little powder it has left in its arsenal. The MPR will show downgrades to GDP growth not just for Q1 but also for the second quarter which is tracking well below the central bank's estimate courtesy of Alberta's wildfires which disrupted output in the oil sands. While a second half upgrade is expected in synch with cleanup and rebuilding efforts and as oil production recovers, that's unlikely to prevent an overall downgrade to 2016 GDP growth from the BoC's current estimate of 1.7%. Assuming the central bank does not raise its already-elevated forecast for 2017 growth and refrains from lowering its already-pared-down forecasts for potential GDP, the output gap could close late-2017 or even 2018 instead of "in the second half of 2017", the timeline given in April's MPR. Manufacturing shipments, released on Friday, probably fell in May based on weak factory-related exports in the month. We'll also get a pulse of the housing market with June data on home starts, existing home sales and the Teranet-National Bank house price index.

	Previous	NBF forecasts
Bank of Canada rate	0.50%	0.50%
Manufacturing sales (May m/m chg.)	1.0%	-1.5%
Housing starts (June, saar)	188.5K	185K

Canada: Factory sales likely softened in May



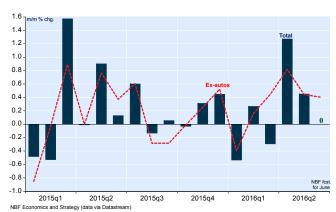


In the US, we'll get an idea about the handoff to Q3 thanks to important June data. Retail sales may have been about flat in June, restrained by soft auto sales. But excluding autos, sales probably rose about

0.4% thanks in part to gasoline station receipts courtesy of higher pump prices. **Industrial production** may have risen 0.2% or so in June thanks to increases in the manufacturing sector — the factory ISM indeed suggests decent gains in output in that month. Inflationary pressures will also be assessed with the releases of the **producer price index** and **consumer price index** for June. Higher energy prices probably drove up both indices in the month. But on a year-on-year basis, the CPI likely remained mild at 1.1% for the headline and 2.2% for the core measure. The **Beige Book** on Wednesday will present the Fed's latest snapshot of the economy.

	Previous	NBF forecasts
Retail sales (June m/m chg.)	0.5%	0.0%
ex-autos Retail sales (June m/m chg.)	0.4%	0.4%
CPI (June y/y chg.)	1.0%	1.1%
Core CPI (June y/y chg.)	2.2%	2.2%
Industrial production (June m/m chg.)	-0.4%	0.2%

U.S.: Autos likely restrained retail sales in June Retail sales



What we'll be watching



Elsewhere around the globe, all eyes will be on China's second quarter GDP results. We'll also learn about the handoff to Q3 thanks to June data on industrial output, retail spending, trade, and credit. In the Eurozone, May data on industrial production and trade will be available this week.

Economic calendar - Canada & U.S.



	Economic releases & events						A division of National Bank of Canada					
	Time	Country		Period	Previous	Consensus	NBF	Earnings annour	Time	NUS Qtr	Cons.	
						Estimate	Estimate				EPS	
Monday	8:15	CA	Housing Starts	Jun	188.6k		180.0k	Alcoa Inc	Aft-mkt	Q2 2016	0.09	
Jul 11												
	6:00 10:00	US US	NFIB Small Business Optimism Wholesale Trade Sales MoM	Jun May	93.8 1.00%	94.0 0.60%		Alimentation Couche-Tard Inc Fastenal Co		Q4 2016 Q2 2016	0.38 0.48	
Tuesday Jul 12												
Wednesday Jul 13	7:00 8:30 8:30 10:00	US CA CA CA	MBA Mortgage Applications Teranet/National Bank HPI MoM Teranet/National Bank HPI YoY Bank of Canada Rate Decision	Jul-08 Jun Jun Jul-13	14.20% 1.80% 9.00% 0.50%	 0.50%	0.50%	Corus Entertainment Inc CSX Corp Yum! Brands Inc	Aft-mkt	Q3 2016 Q2 2016 Q2 2016	0.41 0.44 0.74	
Thursday Jul 14	8:30 8:30 8:30 8:30 8:30 8:30	US CA CA US US US	Initial Jobless Claims New Housing Price Index MoM New Housing Price Index YoY PPI Final Demand MoM PPI Ex Food and Energy MoM PPI Final Demand YoY PPI Ex Food and Energy YoY	Jul-09 May May Jun Jun Jun	254k 0.30% 2.10% 0.40% 0.30% -0.10% 1.20%	265k 0.30% 0.10% 0.00% 1.00%	0.30% 0.10% 0.00% 1.00%	Saputo Inc BlackRock Inc JPMorgan Chase & Co Progressive Corp/The Delta Air Lines Inc	Bef-mkt 6:45 0:00	Q1 2017 Q2 2016 Q2 2016 Q2 2016 Q2 2016	0.40 4.80 1.44 0.34 1.48	
Friday Jul 15	8:30 8:30 8:30 8:30 8:30 8:30 8:30	CA US US US US US US US	Manufacturing Sales MoM Retail Sales Advance MoM Retail Sales Ex Auto MoM CPI MoM CPI Ex Food and Energy MoM CPI YoY CPI Ex Food and Energy YoY Empire Manufacturing	May Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun	1.00% 0.50% 0.40% 0.20% 1.00% 2.20% 6.0	 0.10% 0.40% 0.20% 0.20% 1.10% 2.20% 5.0	-1.50% 0.00% 0.40% 0.30% 0.10% 1.10% 2.20%	Shaw Communications Inc US Bancorp Wells Fargo & Co Citigroup Inc PNC Financial Services Group Inc/The Cintas Corp	Bef-mkt 8:00 8:00 0:00	Q3 2016 Q2 2016 Q2 2016 Q2 2016 Q2 2016 Q2 2016 Q4 2016	0.36 0.81 1.01 1.13 1.76	
	9:00 9:15 9:15 10:00	US US US	Existing Home Sales MoM Industrial Production MoM Capacity Utilization U. of Mich. Sentiment	Jun Jun Jun Jul P	-2.80% -0.40% 74.90% 93.5	 0.20% 75.10% 93.5	0.20% 75.10%					

Source: Bloomberg



Annex - Economic tables

IADLE	- NORTH				·UIAL		,,,,			
		Ju	lly 8, 201		(9/)	Appuoliza	d Croudb			
Growth Rates Unless	Reference	-	Past	ly Growth Prev.	(%) Month	Annualize Average of		Since	Year-to-	date (3)
Otherwise Indicated	Period	Level	Month	Month	Before	3 Mos.	6 Mos.	12 Mos.	ref.	prec.
UNITED STATES										
MONETARY AGGREGATES		(\$Billions)								
M1	* May 2016	3235	1.6	1.1	1.4	12.5	6.4	8.2	5.8	8.7
M2	* May 2016	12731	0.6	0.7	0.7	8.0	6.9	6.8	6.3	6.0
	Way 2016	12/31	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.3	6.0
CREDIT MEASURES	April 2016	3602	0.4	0.8	0.4	5.4	5.7	6.2	6.4	6.9
Consumer Credit	April 2016 * May 2016	3979	0.4	0.8	0.4	5. 4 7.4	5.7 7.2	6.9	6.5	3.7
Mortgage (Banks)	* May 2016									
Business	May 2016	2051	0.7	0.9	1.7	14.9	10.3	10.4	10.2	11.8
CANADA										
MONETARY AGGREGATES										
M2+ gross	April 2016	1796	0.6	0.3	0.6	6.7	6.1	6.0	5.9	4.4
Personal Deposits (Banks) (2)	May 2016	882						7.1	6.5	3.4
CREDIT MEASURES	.,									
Consumer	April 2016	552	0.4	0.1	0.2	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.4	3.1
Mortgages	April 2016	1383	0.4	0.4	0.5	6.0	6.5	6.2	6.3	5.4
Short - Term Business Loans	* March 2016	499	0.6	1.4	-0.1	9.4	10.3	11.5	11.3	9.5
Business (S.T. + L.T.)	May 2016	1777	0.5	0.1	0.1	2.9	4.5	4.7	5.6	8.4
Private (Consumer+Business)	April 2016	3703	0.3	0.2	0.4	4.3	5.0	4.9	5.5	6.5
Gov. of Canada securities outstanding	May 2016	683	1.3	2.0	-0.6	3.4	2.9	4.4	3.7	-0.7
NTEREST AND EXCHANGE RATE	S									
	Reference	Last	1 week	2 w.		e of last Thu		13 w.	26 w.	52
	Thursday	<u>day</u>	<u>ago</u>	<u>ago</u>	<u>13 w.</u>	<u>26 w.</u>	<u>52 w.</u>	<u>ago</u>	<u>ago</u>	ŝ
UNITED STATES										
NTEREST RATES										
Federal Funds Target Rate	* 7 July 16	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.39	0.50	0.50	C
Prime Rate	* 7 July 16	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.39	3.50	3.50	3
3-month Treasury Bills	* 7 July 16	0.29	0.26	0.30	0.26	0.27	0.18	0.23	0.20	0
2-year Bonds	* 7 July 16	0.59	0.58	0.77	0.76	0.78	0.78	0.70	1.02	0
5-year Bonds	* 7 July 16	0.96	1.00	1.23	1.22	1.26	1.41	1.14	1.60	1
10-year Bonds	* 7 July 16	1.38	1.49	1.74	1.72	1.79	1.99	1.69	2.15	2
30-year Bonds	* 7 July 16	2.14	2.31	2.56	2.53	2.60	2.78	2.51	2.93	3
Treasuries 30y 3-m. T.B.	* 7 July 16	1.85	2.05	2.26	2.27	2.33	2.60	2.28	2.73	3
EXCHANGE RATE										
FED Broad (Jan 97 = 100)	* 1 July 16	121.09	121.58	121.31	120.40	121.91	120.86	121.44	122.67	115
CANADA										
NTEREST RATES										
Prime Rate	* 7 July 16	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2
Target overnight rate	* 7 July 16	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	(
30-day commercial paper	* 7 July 16	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.89	0.88	0.84	0.91	0.88	(
3-month Treasury Bills	* 7 July 16	0.48	0.49	0.51	0.52	0.48	0.45	0.46	0.45	(
1-year Treasury Bills	* 7 July 16	0.50	0.51	0.57	0.55	0.51	0.50	0.55	0.44	(
5-year Bonds	* 7 July 16	0.53	0.57	0.75	0.70	0.68	0.74	0.69	0.66	(
10-year Bonds	* 7 July 16	0.98	1.06	1.30	1.26	1.23	1.36	1.20	1.33	
30-year Bonds	* 7 July 16	1.56	1.71	1.92	1.91	1.95	2.09	1.96	2.08	:
SPREADS	,									
Prime - 30d. Commercial paper	* 7 July 16	1.83	1.83	1.82	1.81	1.82	1.86	1.79	1.82	
Long Term - Short Term	* 7 July 16	1.08	1.22	1.41	1.39	1.47	1.63	1.50	1.63	
CANADA UNITED STATES SPREADS			•							
3-month T-Bills	* 7 July 16	0.19	0.23	0.21	0.26	0.21	0.28	0.23	0.25	(
Long Term Bonds	* 7 July 16	-0.58	-0.59	-0.64	-0.62	-0.65	-0.69	-0.55	-0.85	-(
EXCHANGE RATE	•									
US\$ /CDN\$ (GTIS)	* 7 July 16	0.7691	0.7737	0.7839	0.7768	0.7566	0.7548	0.7608	0.7084	0.7
Trade-weighted (1990=100) G-10	* 7 July 16	90.2	89.8	91.2	90.5	88.4	88.4	88.6	83.6	9
STOCK INDICES			Month	h Croude	(9/.)		owth Over	(0/.)		
TOOK INDICES	Reference	-	Past	ly Growth Prev.	(%) Month	Gr	owiii Over ((76)	Year-to	o-date
	Thursday	Level	Month	Month	Before	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	ref.	p
Dow Jones (U.S.)	* 7 July 16	17895.9	-0.2	1.1	1.1	2.0	8.4	0.7	0.9	_
S&P 500 (U.S.)	* 7 July 16	2097.9	-0.7	2.7	0.7	2.7	8.0	8.0	1.0	
NASDAQ (U.S.)	* 7 July 16	4876.8	-1.7	4.8	-2.3	0.6	4.0	-2.4	-4.4	
(/										
S&P/TSX (Can.)	* 7 July 16	14134.5	-1.6	4.8	3.3	6.5	13.5	-3.4	8.4	



Annex - Economic tables

		UNITE		uly 8, 20							
				hly Growth		Annualiz	ed Growth (9	%)			
Growth Rates Unless		Reference	Past	Prev.	Month		erage of the I		Since	Year-to-d	ate (9)
Otherwise Indicated	Į	Period	Month	Month	<u>Before</u>	3 Mos.	-	12 Mos.	12 Mos.	<u>ref.</u>	pre
ndex of 12 Leading Indicators		May 2016	-0.2	0.6	0.1	1.4	0.6	2.9	1.2	1.9	5
Consumer Confidence Index (1985=100)		June 2016	98.0		94.7	95.0	95.5	96.3	99.8	95.5	98
S.M. Manufacturing Index (level)		June 2016	53.2		50.8	51.8	50.8	50.3	53.1	50.8	52
- Non-manufacturing (level)	*	June 2016	59.5	55.1	58.8	57.8	57.5	59.3	61.5	57.5	60
OMEOTIC DEMAND											
OOMESTIC DEMAND Sales new autos & light trucks (000,000)	*	June 2016	16.7	17.5	17.4	17.2	17.2	17.5	17.0	17.2	17
Retail Sales		May 2016	0.5		-0.3	2.8	1.7	2.4	2.5	2.7	2
- Motor vehicle		May 2016	0.5		-3.1	-3.6	1.0	5.0	2.1	3.4	7
- Other		May 2016	0.4	0.8	0.4	4.6	1.9	1.7	2.7	2.6	2
consumer Spending: Total (\$ current)		May 2016	0.4	1.1	0.0	-8.4	-0.3	2.7	-6.2	1.8	3
Total (\$ constant)		May 2016	0.3		-0.1	3.0	2.4	2.9	2.7	2.7	3
ersonal Income		May 2016	0.2		0.3	3.8	3.9	4.4	4.0	4.3	4
ersonal Savings Rate (3)	*	May 2016	5.3		6.0	5.6	5.6	5.3	4.8	5.6	5
ew Orders	*	May 2016	-1.0 -0.4	1.8 -0.9	1.7 0.3	6.4 -4.2	-4.9 7.0	-5.1 -4.2	-1.2	-2.7 -4.3	-5 -1
- Non-Defence Capital Goods exc. Aircraft nfilled Orders	*	May 2016	0.2		0.0	0.6	-7.8 -1.7	-4.2	-3.8 -0.9	-4.3 -1.9	- 1
usiness Inventories		May 2016 April 2016	0.2	0.6	-0.1	0.6	0.0	1.8	1.0	-1.9 1.1	2
ventories / Shipments Businesses		April 2016 April 2016	1.40		1.41	1.41	1.40	1.39	1.37	1.41	1.3
anufacturers' Shipments	*	May 2016	0.0		0.3	0.6	-5.4	-4.2	-3.2	-3.4	-3
anufacturers' Inventories	*	May 2016	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-2.2	-3.9	-2.2	-3.0	-2.9	i
ventories / Shipments Manuf.	*	May 2016	1.36		1.37	1.36	1.37	1.36	1.36	1.37	1.
ousing Starts (000) (1)		May 2016	1164		1113	1148	1158	1156	1063	1157	10
ew Home Sales, single-family		May 2016	-6.0		-0.6	18.8	23.9	7.9	8.7	5.4	20
xisting Home Sales, s.f. & condos		May 2016	1.8	1.3	5.7	8.5	3.4	5.4	4.5	5.0	7
RODUCTION											
dustrial Production		May 2016	-0.4	0.6	-1.0	-2.7	-2.2	-1.0	-1.4	-1.5	1
- Consumer Goods		May 2016	-0.7		-1.2	-1.1	-0.2	1.1	0.4	0.6	1
- Hitech goods		May 2016	0.5		0.1	4.5	6.8	1.5	4.4	3.4	4
KTERNAL AND FISCAL BALANCES											
ports	*	May 2016	-0.2	1.4	-1.1	0.1	-5.9	-5.7	-4.2	-4.9	-3
ports	*	May 2016	1.6		-1.1 -4.6	-7.8	-6.2	-5.7 -4.7	-4.2	-4.9 -4.7	-2
erch. Trade Balance (\$ billions)	*	May 2016	-41.1	-37.4	-35.5	-38.0	-40.3	-41.1	-40.2	-40.1	-41
eal merchandise trade balance	*	May 2016	-61.1	-57.5	-56.1	-58.2	-60.1	-60.0	-58.4	-60.0	-58
ederal budget balance last 12 months (2)		May 2016	-479.3	-510.9	-460.6				-413.8	-191.5	-190
IFLATION AND COSTS											
onsumer Prices		May 2016	0.2	0.4	0.1	1.3	0.5	0.6	1.0	1.1	-0
- Excluding Food and Energy		May 2016	0.2		0.1	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.2	2.2	1
CE Deflator exc. Food and Energy		May 2016	0.2		0.1	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1
roducer price index for final demand		May 2016	0.4	0.2	-0.1	0.1	-0.5	-0.6	0.0	0.0	-(
verage Hourly Earnings (4)	*	June 2016						2.4	2.4	2.4	_2
dustrial Capacity Utilization Rate		May 2016	74.9		74.8	75.0	75.3	75.8	76.6	75.3	77
edian Price, Single-Family Homes (5)		May 2016	3.9	4.0	4.4	28.9	-2.5	5.9	4.6	5.6	3
ABOUR MARKET											
ew Jobs (000) (6)	*	June 2016	287	11	144	147	172	204	2451	1029	13
- Manufacturing (000)	*	June 2016	14		5	1	-4	-2	-29	-24	
- Services (000)	*	June 2016	278		156	162	179	199	2391	1076	12
verage weekly hours (6)	*	June 2016	0.2		0.1	0.4	1.4	1.9	1.8	1.8	:
vilian Unemployment Rate (7)	*	June 2016	4.9	4.7	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.3	4.9	
TIONAL ACCOUNTS AND OTHER			Annı	ualized Gro							
JARTERLY INDICATORS		Q1 2016	Q4 2015		Q2 2015		Q1 2015	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	
eal GDP Chained 2009 dollars		1.1	1.4 2.4	2.0	3.9	0.6	2.1	2.4	2.2	2.3	
onsumption esidential Construction		1.5 15.6	2.4 10.1	3.0 8.2	3.6 9.4	1.7 10.1	4.3 9.9	3.1 8.9	2.7 1.8	1.7 9.5	
usiness Investment		-4.5	-2.1	2.6	9.4 4.1	1.6	0.7	2.8	6.2	3.0	
						-		•			
overnment Spending		1.3	0.1	1.8	2.6	-0.1	-1.4	0.7	-0.6	-2.9	
ports		0.3	-2.0	0.7	5.1	-6.0	5.4	1.1	3.4	2.8	
ports (1) (2)		-0.5	-0.7	2.3	3.0	7.1	10.3	4.9	3.8	1.0	
nange in Inventories (1) (2)		68.3	78.3	85.5	113.5	112.8	78.2	97.5	68.0	61.4	
DP Deflator ersonal Disposable Income		0.4 4.0	0.9 3.3	1.3 3.2	2.1 2.6	0.1 3.9	0.1 4.7	1.0 3.5	1.6 2.7	1.6 -1.4	
поона Біорозавіє пісопіє		4.0 Q1 2016	Q4 2015	Q3 2015			4.7 Q4 2014	2014	2.7 2013	-1.4 2012	
abour Productivity (4)		-0.6	-1.7	2.0	3.1	-0.8	-1.7	0.7	0.8	0.0	
nit Labor Costs (4)		4.5	5.4	0.4	2.0	2.6	5.7	2.2	2.0	1.2	
		Q1 2016	Q4 2015	Q3 2015	Q2 2015	Q1 2015	Q4 2014	2014	2013	<u>2012</u>	
urrent Account (current \$)		-498.7	-453.6	-492.4	-447.6	-458.2	-430.9	-463.0	-392.1	-366.4	
as a % of GDP		-2.7	-2.5	-2.7	-2.5	-2.6	-2.4	-2.6	-2.3	-2.2	
ornarata Profita (0)		Q1 2016	Q4 2015	Q3 2015	Q2 2015		Q4 2014	<u>2014</u>	2013	<u>2012</u>	
orporate Profits (8) as a % of GDP		7.5 10.6	-27.7 10.4	-6.2 11.4	14.8 11.6	-21.1 11.4	-4.6 12.1	-3.1 11.2	1.7 11.6	2.0 12.1	
as a 70 UI GUF		10.0	10.4	11.4	0.11	11.4	12.1	11.2	11.0	14.1	
* Update		Source: Data:	stream								
(4) Assert Data				(5) Existing	Homes S	old	(9) Compate	ed to same r	period of the	
(1) Annual Rate							,				
(1) Annual Rate (2) \$ Billions (3) Personal Savings as a % of Personal I				(6) Non-Fa (7) Housel	rm Payroll	Survey	,			less otherwis	е



Annex - Economic tables

IABL	E 3 - CAN				CIND	ICAIO	KS			
			ly 8, 201 by Growth (Annua	lized Growth	(%)			
Growth Rates Unless Otherwise Indicated	Reference Period	Past Month	Prev. Month	Month Before		age of the la		Since 12 Mos.	Year-to-da	ate (6)
CFIB Business Barometer ®	June 2016	3.0	-1.6	13.1	46.1	-3.2	-9.5	0.9	-7.2	-6
OMESTIC DEMAND										
Retail Sales (\$ current)	April 2016	0.9	-0.8	0.6	4.4	3.5	3.0	4.6	5.3	1
Motor vehicle and parts dealers Other	April 2016 April 2016	-0.3 1.3	-2.5 -0.1	1.1 0.4	4.6 4.3	11.6 0.9	8.0 1.4	8.4 3.4	12.2 3.1	4
etail Sales (\$ constant)	April 2016 April 2016	0.1	-0.1 -1.1	1.4	4.3 5.8	3.4	1.4	2.9	3.1	1
·										
lanufacturer's Shipments (\$ current)	April 2016	1.0	-0.9	-4.0	-10.7	-0.5	-0.7	0.7	1.4	-1
ew Orders - Durables	April 2016 April 2016	7.9 14.1	-2.3 -5.7	-8.2 -11.4	-16.5 -21.1	-2.3 2.3	-3.4 -2.0	5.7 14.5	-3.0 -2.9	-5 -4
nfilled Orders	April 2016	0.6	-3.0	-2.2	-16.4	-9.8	-0.1	-9.4	-9.6	14
anufacturer's Inventories	April 2016	-0.4	-0.4	-0.8	-6.3	-2.9	1.6	-2.1	-0.3	C
ventories / Shipments Ratio lanufacturer's Shipments (\$ constant)	April 2016 April 2016	1.41 1.4	1.43 0.1	1.42 -2.7	1.42 -1.8	1.41 2.3	1.42 -0.4	1.44 2.4	1.41 2.1	1.4
andiacturer's Shipments (\$ constant)	April 2010									
ousing Starts (000) (1) umber of existing homes sold (MLS)	May 2016 May 2016	188.5 -2.8	191.4 2.4	202.0 2.6	194.0 17.8	191.0 9.5	199.6 7.1	198.3 3.4	194.7 10.4	180 6
RODUCTION										
eal Domestic Product	April 2016	0.1	-0.2	-0.1	0.4	1.6	0.9	1.5	1.4	1
- Manufacturing - Construction	April 2016 April 2016	0.4 0.0	-0.5 0.1	-0.6 -0.2	-0.9 -0.9	2.5 -3.3	0.1 -5.1	1.4 -2.7	1.2 -4.0	1 -1
- Construction ervices	April 2016 April 2016	0.0	0.1	-0.2 0.1	-0.9 1.8	-3.3 2.4	-5.1 2.0	-2.7 2.1	-4.0 2.2	2
XTERNAL, FISCAL AND EXCHANGE BALAN	CES									
oports	* May 2016	-0.7	0.5	-3.8	-27.0	-6.1	-0.5	-3.4	-0.6	-1
nports	* May 2016	-0.8	8.0	-2.3	-12.3	-3.0	2.2	-2.1	-0.1	5
- Capital Goods	* May 2016 * May 2016	-6.3	3.6	-2.1 -3,147	-7.9 -3,247	-1.0	3.5 -1,966	-0.3	-0.9 -2,588	-2,3
erch. Trade Balance (\$ millions) hange in Official Reserves	* June 2016	-3,277 -777	-3,317 376	-3,147 1,730	-3,247 443	-2,306 628	-1,966 594	-2,762 7,126	-2,588 3,768	-2,3 7,9
Level (US\$): \$83.5 billion						-20			Fiscal y	ear .
d. budget balance last 12 months (\$ billions)	March 2016	-2.0	4.5	5.9				6.9	-2.0	2
FLATION AND COSTS										
onsumer Prices	May 2016	0.4	0.3	0.6	4.9	0.6	1.4	1.5	1.6	1
- Excluding Food and Energy - Core inflation (4)	May 2016 May 2016	0.4 0.3	0.2 0.2	0.7 0.7	5.6 5.5	1.5 1.6	1.8 2.1	2.1 2.1	1.8 2.0	1
verage Hourly Earnings (2)	* June 2016						2.9	2.0	2.7	2
ice of New Housing icluding land	April 2016	0.3	0.2	0.2	1.9	2.0	1.6	2.1	1.9	1
vg. Price of Existing Homes Sold (MLS) dustrial Prices (1992=100)	May 2016 May 2016	0.1 1.1	-0.5 -0.5	0.5 -0.6	11.0 -4.2	18.8 -3.2	11.6 -0.5	13.7 -1.1	15.0 -0.9	7 -1
ABOUR MARKET										
abour Force	* June 2016	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	-0.2	0.7	1.0	0.6	1.0	0
bb creation (000) - Manufacturing	* June 2016 * June 2016	-0.7 -12.9	13.8 12.2	-2.1 -16.5	3.7 -5.7	7.3 -8.7	9.0 -2.5	107.6 -30.3	43.6 -52.4	91 15
- Services	* June 2016	45.5	-5.2	35.0	-5.7 25.1	20.9	-2.5 14.2	-30.3 170.6	125.2	127
- Full Time	* June 2016	-40.1	60.6	-2.5	6.0	1.2	2.6	31.1	7.1	123
- Part Time nemployment Rate	* June 2016 * June 2016	39.4 6.8	-46.8 6.9	0.4 7.1	-2.3 6.9	6.1 7.1	6.4 7.0	76.5 6.8	36.5 7.1	-32 6
. ,	50116 20 TO					7.1	7.0	0.0	7.1	C
ATIONAL ACCOUNTS AND OTHER UARTERLY INDICATORS DD Chained (2007) \$		Q4 2015	Q3 2015	Q2 2015 (Q1 2015	Q4 2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	
DP Chained (2007) \$ busehold consumption	2.4 2.3	0.5 1.8	2.2 2.3	-0.5 2.3	-1.0 -0.1	3.4 2.4	1.1 1.9	2.5 2.6	2.2 2.4	
usiness Investments, non-res., mach. & equip.	-9.7	-12.5	-11.4	-15.5	-23.2	0.9	-10.6	0.0	2.5	
-Machinery and Equipment	-2.7	-8.1	-6.7	-15.7	-5.1	7.2	-2.4	1.0	-6.7	
esidential Construction overnment Expenditures	11.2 1.5	1.8 0.4	2.6 0.6	0.1 2.8	6.6 4.7	-0.5 -0.3	3.8 1.7	2.5 0.3	-0.4 0.3	
overnment Experiolities overnment Fixed Capital Formation	-2.4	-4.0	-1.6	-0.6	1.9	-0.3 6.1	2.5	4.0	-6.4	
nal Domestic Demand	1.3	-0.3	0.3	-0.1	-2.2	1.7	0.3	1.6	1.3	
xports	6.9	-1.5	9.0	1.2	0.9	-0.2	3.4	5.3	2.8	
nports hange in Inventories, chained (2007) \$ (5)	1.3 -6.9	-7.0 -5.6	-2.8 -0.2	-1.8 6.8	0.9 14.6	0.3 9.2	0.3 3.9	1.8 9.9	1.5 15.5	
eal Disposible Income	2.1	1.1	-2.6	7.4	0.8	2.5	2.6	1.2	3.4	
ersonal savings Rate	3.9	4.2	4.3	5.2	4.8	4.3	4.6	4.2	5.4	
DP Price Deflator orporate Profits (nominal)	-1.1 -8.8	0.0 -19.1	0.0 -5.1	1.8 -2.6	-3.2 -44.1	-2.4 -10.1	-0.5 -15.8	1.7 7.0	1.6 0.8	
as a % of GDP	-0.0 10.7	11.0	11.6	11.8	11.9	13.6	11.6	13.8	13.5	
dust. Capacity Utilization Rate	81.4	80.9	81.2	80.1	81.4	82.5	80.9	82.1	80.8	
abour Productivity, Business Sector	1.5	-0.1	0.6	-3.9	-2.7 5.7	1.6	-0.4	2.5	1.3	
nit Labour Cost, Business Sector	-1.1 Q1 2016	3.5 Q4 2015	-1.5 Q3 2015	2.2 Q2 2015 (5.7 Q1 2015	-1.5 Q4 2014	1.9 2015	1.1 2014	1.6 2013	
urrent Account (current \$) (5)	-67.1	-62.8	-61.8	-58.0	-67.9	-58.3	-62.6	-44.9	-59.7	
as a % of GDP	-3.4	-3.2	-3.1	-2.9	-3.4	-2.9	-3.2	-2.3	-3.0	
ources: Datasteam and Canadian Real Estate	Association									
Update										
	(4) C.D.L. ovoludin	na the 8 mos	st volatile c	omponents	and the e	ffect of indire	ect taxes			
1) Annual Rate	(4) C.P.I. excludii									
I) Annual Rate 2) Not Seasonally Adjusted	(5) Annual rate, \$	-	or volune o							



Annex - Economic tables

IADL	<i>E 4 - PRO\</i>		ly 8, 201		IIC IIVL	<i>I</i> ICA I (JNJ			
Growth Rates Unless Otherwise Indicated	Reference Period	Past Month	y Growth (Prev. Month	Month Before		d Growth (% age of the la 6 Mos.		Since 12 Mos.	Year-to-d ref.	ate (3)
QUEBEC DOMESTIC DEMAND AND REVENUE										
Retail Sales	April 2016	0.1	-0.8	0.6	6.6	4.1	1.9	3.8	4.7	C
Manufacturing Shipments	April 2016	1.4	-1.6	-4.9	-19.3	-4.2	-0.9	-2.4	-1.7	-(
Housing Starts (000) (2)	May 2016	40.5	33.9	35.9	36.8	38.5	39.9	36.4	37.8	30
Number of existing homes sold (MLS) Wages and Salaries	May 2016 March 2016	-0.8 1.3	1.2 0.6	1.3 0.8	2.7 7.8	7.3 2.4	4.6 2.3	0.4 4.0	6.1 3.2	2
Value of merchandise exports (1)	* May 2016	1.5	0.0	0.0	7.0	2.4	2.9	-0.8	-0.9	11
CFIB Business Barometer ®	* June 2016	1.9	-2.9	-4.3	-16.2	16.8	3.1	5.8	8.8	-3
PRICES										
Consumer Price Index (1)	May 2016 * June 2016	0.2	0.3	0.4	4.0	0.3	1.0 3.0	0.7 2.8	1.0 3.1	1
Average Hourly Earnings (1) Price of New Housing inc. Land (1)	April 2016	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.8	1.1	0.3	0.7	0.6	(
Avg. Price of Existing Homes Sold (MLS)	May 2016	0.9	0.0	0.2	1.3	1.7	2.0	2.8	2.4	
LABOR MARKET										
Job creation (000)	* June 2016	-11.2	21.6	1.8	4.1	0.2	2.8	33.3	1.2	16
Unemployment rate	* June 2016	7.0	7.1	7.5	7.2	7.4	7.6	8.0	7.4	7
Participation rate	* June 2016	64.2	64.5	64.5	64.4	64.5	64.7	64.8	64.5	64
ONTARIO										
DOMESTIC DEMAND AND REVENUE Retail Sales	April 2016	0.4	-0.7	0.5	3.6	5.1	5.5	5.5	7.4	3
Manufacturing Shipments	April 2016 April 2016	0.4	-0.7	-3.6	-7.4	7.7	4.1	5.8	8.2	1
Housing Starts (000) (2)	May 2016	67.5	64.4	88.8	73.6	69.6	73.0	83.1	72.7	62
Number of existing homes sold (MLS)	May 2016	-2.4	2.8	2.0	17.6	6.5	8.0	1.6	8.4	12
Wages and Salaries	March 2016	0.3	0.4	0.0	3.0	4.1	3.8	3.4	3.7	4
Value of merchandise exports (1)	* May 2016						12.8	7.8	12.6	8
CFIB Business Barometer ®	* June 2016	-6.6	5.2	9.9	35.1	-0.6	-5.2	-3.3	-4.3	-0
PRICES										
Consumer Price Index (1)	May 2016	0.4	0.5	0.6	5.5	1.0	1.5	1.9	1.8	
Average Hourly Earnings (1)	* June 2016	0.5	0.0	0.4	2.5	2.0	3.5	1.9	3.3	2
Price of New Housing inc. Land (1) Avg. Price of Existing Homes Sold (MLS)	April 2016 May 2016	0.5 1.1	0.2 1.3	0.4 0.0	3.5 17.2	3.2 13.8	3.0 9.7	3.7 12.3	3.5 12.0	
Avg. Price of Existing Homes Sold (MLS)	Way 2016	1.1	1.3	0.0	17.2	13.0	9.7	12.3	12.0	
LABOR MARKET										
Job creation (000)	* June 2016	-4.2	21.6	-3.3	4.7	6.1	5.2	62.6	36.6	58
Unemployment rate Participation rate	* June 2016 * June 2016	6.4 65.0	6.6 65.2	7.0 65.4	6.7 65.2	6.7 65.3	6.7 65.2	6.5 65.2	6.7 65.3	65 65
NEWFOUNDLAND & LABRADOR	0dile 2010	00.0	00.2	00.4	00.2	00.0	00.2	00.2	00.0	
DOMESTIC DEMAND AND REVENUE										
Retail Sales	April 2016	0.9	-1.8	1.8	3.7	0.6	1.2	2.8	3.0	-(
Manufacturing Shipments	April 2016	-0.9	15.8	-11.8	-31.2	-38.1	-7.1	-16.1	-18.8	-13
Housing Starts (000) (2)	May 2016	2.1	1.7	1.0	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.0	1
Number of existing homes sold (MLS) Wages and Salaries	May 2016	-9.0 0.8	7.7 -0.3	6.5 -1.1	41.9 -3.7	1.3 -1.3	0.5 2.1	1.1 0.1	-0.7 -0.2	3
Value of merchandise exports (1)	March 2016 * May 2016	0.0	-0.3	-1.1	-3.1	-1.3	-25.0	-8.7	-22.8	-38
CFIB Business Barometer ®	* June 2016	2.5	-3.8	-1.5	-51.3	-34.4	-12.4	-24.7	-14.0	-13
PRICES	May 2016	0.5	0.5	0.5	E G	0.5	1.2	1.5	17	,
Consumer Price Index (1) Average Hourly Earnings (1)	May 2016 * June 2016	0.5	0.5	0.5	5.6	0.5	1.2 -1.3	1.5 -1.3	1.7 -1.1	
Price of New Housing inc. Land (1)	April 2016	0.0	-0.1	0.1	-0.1	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.4	(
Avg. Price of Existing Homes Sold (MLS)	May 2016	-2.3	-1.6	-1.6	-9.0	-11.8	-4.4	-10.6	-7.8	-4
LABOR MARKET										
Job creation (000)	* June 2016	-1.8	1.6	6.1	2.0	0.7	0.0	-0.2	4.2	-(
Unemployment	* June 2016	12.0	11.7	12.5	12.1	13.0	13.0	12.3	13.0	12
Participation rate	* June 2016	60.6	60.9	61.1	60.9	60.7	60.9	61.1	60.7	6
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND										
DOMESTIC DEMAND AND REVENUE	A: 0010		0.5				, ,			
Retail Sales Manufacturing Shipments	April 2016	1.0 -0.1	0.5 -4.3	0.8	7.7 -1.6	5.2	4.1 -0.2	8.2	7.6 2.0	2
Manufacturing Shipments Housing Starts (000) (2)	April 2016 May 2016	-0.1 1.1	-4.3 0.5	3.6 0.3	-1.6 0.7	-2.2 0.5	-0.2 0.6	-2.8 0.4	0.6	(
Number of existing homes sold (MLS)	May 2016	8.0	3.0	11.9	136.9	13.3	31.9	39.3	31.4	,
Wages and Salaries	March 2016	0.4	0.3	-1.5	-2.1	4.0	4.5	5.7	4.8	
Value of merchandise exports (1)	* May 2016						15.9	2.7	6.4	
CFIB Business Barometer ®	June 2016	-9.3	5.9	19.9	78.9	10.2	0.7	2.0	-4.4	19
PRICES	M0040		c -	0.5	.	0.4		4.0	4.0	
Consumer Price Index (1)	May 2016	0.2	0.7	0.5	5.0	0.4	0.5	1.3	1.3	-
Average Hourly Earnings (1)	* June 2016	0.4	0.0	10	4.0	0.0	1.1	1.5	0.4	:
Price of New Housing inc. Land (1) Avg. Price of Existing Homes Sold (MLS)	April 2016 May 2016	0.1 -2.4	0.0 -8.9	1.2 23.7	4.9 44.7	0.0 15.0	0.4 2.2	-0.1 3.1	0.4 4.7	-1
LABOR MARKET	• • •									
Job creation (000)	* June 2016	-0.4	0.7	0.0	0.1	-0.2	-0.1	-1.5	-1.4	-1
Unemployment	 June 2016 	11.0	10.4	11.5	11.0	10.7	10.5	10.8	10.7	1
Participation rate	* June 2016	65.8	65.8	66.1	65.9	66.0	66.6	67.6	66.0	6
Sources: Datastream										



NATIONAL BANK FINANCIAL MARKETS

Annex - Economic tables

TABLE 4 - PROV	NOIAL EU		ly 8, 201		UKS (CONTINI	ies irc	ını page	H4)	
	_		y Growth (Annuali	zed Growth				
Growth Rates Unless Otherwise Indicated	Reference <u>Period</u>	Past Month	Prev. Month	Month Before	Avera 3 Mos.	ge of the las 6 Mos.	st 12 Mos.	Since 12 Mos.	Year-to-o	date (3) pr
IOVA SCOTIA										
DOMESTIC DEMAND AND REVENUE	A 11 0040	0.4	0.0	4.0	0.7	4.7	0.4	4.0	7.0	
Retail Sales Manufacturing Shipments	April 2016 April 2016	0.4 -1.8	-0.9 0.3	1.8 -0.5	2.7 -17.7	1.7 -1.3	3.4 7.3	4.2 5.2	7.8 4.8	
Housing Starts (000) (2)	May 2016	4.3	1.7	1.8	2.6	2.7	3.6	7.6	2.9	
Number of existing homes sold (MLS)	May 2016	-3.7	-1.9	4.1	26.3	6.6	0.5	-22.6	3.1	
Wages and Salaries	March 2016	0.4	0.3	-0.3	1.8	2.6	2.4	2.8	2.4	
Value of merchandise exports (1) CFIB Business Barometer ®	* May 2016 * June 2016	-3.8	-1.2	-1.8	-21.2	-4.0	8.9 4.9	11.8 -6.2	3.4 0.4	-
	04.10 20 10	0.0						0.2	0.1	
PRICES Consumer Price Index (1)	May 2016	0.5	0.7	0.4	5.0	0.5	0.9	1.1	1.2	
Average Hourly Earnings (1)	* June 2016						0.5	3.8	1.5	
Price of New Housing inc. Land (1)	April 2016	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	-0.4	0.6	0.0	0.1	
LABOR MARKET										
Job creation (000)	* June 2016	0.6	-3.6	2.0	-0.3	0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.8	
Unemployment Participation rate	* June 2016 * June 2016	8.2 61.7	8.3 61.7	8.3 62.2	8.3 61.9	8.6 62.0	8.5 62.1	7.9 61.8	8.6 62.0	
EW BRUNSWICK										
DOMESTIC DEMAND AND REVENUE Retail Sales	April 2016	3.1	-2.9	0.5	-0.7	3.6	5.2	6.7	8.3	
Manufacturing Shipments	April 2016 April 2016	7.5	11.5	-19.7	-0.7 -2.1	-16.0	-11.2	-7.6	-8.8	
Housing Starts (000) (2)	May 2016	3.1	1.6	1.2	2.0	1.7	2.1	1.5	1.7	
Number of existing homes sold (MLS)	May 2016	3.2	2.8	13.2	-12.2	-1.2	5.9	5.1	4.5	
Wages and Salaries Value of merchandise exports (1)	March 2016 * May 2016	0.5	0.3	-0.8	-0.3	4.8	3.1 -14.1	4.0 -9.3	3.2 -18.0	
CFIB Business Barometer ®	* June 2016	13.8	-0.7	8.0	5.6	-5.2	-14.1	7.3	-3.9	
PRICES										
Consumer Price Index (1)	May 2016	0.3	0.6	0.4	5.2	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.8	
Average Hourly Earnings (1) Price of New Housing inc. Land (1)	* June 2016 April 2016	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.5	0.3	0.5 0.1	0.3 0.5	0.0 0.4	
Avg. Price of Existing Homes Sold (MLS)	May 2016	2.0	2.6	2.1	11.2	-2.9	0.3	8.4	0.4	
LABOR MARKET										
Job creation (000)	* June 2016 * June 2016	1.2 10.3	-0.9 9.9	3.9 9.6	1.4 9.9	-0.5 9.9	0.1 9.6	1.0 10.7	-3.2 9.9	
Unemployment Participation rate	* June 2016	62.5	62.0	9.6 62.0	62.2	9.9 62.0	62.2	62.8	62.0	
ANITOBA										
DOMESTIC DEMAND AND REVENUE	April 2040	0.0	0.0	0.0	F 0	C 0	0.7	7.4	7.0	
Retail Sales Manufacturing Shipments	April 2016 April 2016	-0.9 2.7	-0.6 -1.6	0.0 -3.2	5.3 -7.8	6.8 5.7	3.7 -0.3	7.1 4.2	7.3 2.5	
Housing Starts (000) (2)	May 2016	5.4	4.6	3.0	4.3	4.7	5.4	3.0	4.7	
Number of existing homes sold (MLS)	May 2016	-4.5	4.0	-0.6	13.7	9.6	3.5	3.6	6.8	
Wages and Salaries	March 2016	0.3	-0.1	-0.6	0.6	3.4	3.2	3.3	2.9	
Value of merchandise exports (1) CFIB Business Barometer ®	* May 2016 * June 2016	0.1	6.9	-1.4	-17.1	-7.5	2.9 -3.3	9.8 -10.6	2.9 -1.6	
	June 2010	U. I	0.9	-1.4	-11.1	-1.0	-3.3	-10.0	-1.0	
PRICES Consumer Price Index (1)	May 2016	0.6	0.2	0.9	5.3	-0.2	1.5	1.7	1.4	
Average Hourly Earnings (1)	* June 2016	0.4	0.0	0.0	4.4	4.4	3.8	2.3	3.3	
Price of New Housing inc. Land (1) Avg. Price of Existing Homes Sold (MLS)	April 2016 May 2016	0.1 0.2	0.3 -0.8	0.0 -1.8	1.4 4.5	1.4 -0.6	1.4 1.6	1.7 1.8	1.7 2.3	
LABOR MARKET										
Job creation (000)	* June 2016 * June 2016	0.0 6.1	2.9	-3.0 6.1	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.3	2.1	
Unemployment Participation rate	* June 2016 * June 2016	6.1 67.9	5.9 67.7	6.1 67.7	6.0 67.7	6.0 67.7	5.8 67.9	5.4 68.1	6.0 67.7	
ASKATCHEWAN										
DOMESTIC DEMAND AND REVENUE Retail Sales	April 2016	1.0	-0.2	-0.4	3.3	0.8	-1.7	0.4	1.1	
Manufacturing Shipments	April 2016 April 2016	0.4	-0.2 0.9	-0.4 -7.3	3.3 -12.7	0.8 -2.5	-1.7 -9.7	-2.1	1.1 -4.6	
Housing Starts (000) (2)	May 2016	4.1	5.3	4.2	4.5	4.7	5.1	5.8	4.7	
Number of existing homes sold (MLS)	May 2016	-2.1	1.3	0.5	-9.6	-9.7	-7.6	-9.0	-4.2	
Wages and Salaries Value of merchandise exports (1)	March 2016 * May 2016	-0.1	-0.5	-0.4	-2.1	0.6	1.1 -15.8	-0.1 -29.7	0.1 -23.7	
CFIB Business Barometer ®	* June 2016	6.5	5.5	3.8	-7.4	-17.0	-5.9	2.2	-0.9	
PRICES					. =					
Consumer Price Index (1)	May 2016 * June 2016	0.3	0.1	8.0	4.7	0.3	1.7	1.2	1.5	
Average Hourly Earnings (1) Price of New Housing inc. Land (1)	June 2016 April 2016	-0.2	-0.3	-0.1	-1.8	-2.0	2.7 -1.1	2.7 -1.4	3.2 -1.4	
Avg. Price of Existing Homes Sold (MLS)	May 2016	-0.1	-0.5	1.7	-0.1	-2.5	-1.3	-1.9	-1.7	
LABOR MARKET	* 1 2042	4.0	0.0	4.0	0.5	0.0	2.5	2.2	5. 0	
Job creation (000) Unemployment	* June 2016 * June 2016	1.0 6.1	2.2 6.0	-1.6 6.3	0.5 6.1	-0.9 6.0	-0.5 5.7	-6.2 4.8	-5.2 6.0	
Participation rate	* June 2016	69.9	69.7	69.8	69.8	69.8	70.1	70.2	69.8	
Sources: Datastream	and Canadian Real	estate Asso	ciation							





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	INCIAL EC		ly 8, 201		UNU (Contin	ucs ii c	nn page	AU)	
			y Growth (Annualize	d Growth (%	6)			
Growth Rates Unless	Reference	Past	Prev.	Month		age of the l		Since	Year-to-da	ate (3)
Otherwise Indicated	Period	<u>Month</u>	<u>Month</u>	<u>Before</u>	3 Mos.	6 Mos.	12 Mos.	12 Mos.	<u>ref.</u>	pre
LBERTA										
DOMESTIC DEMAND AND REVENUE										
Retail Sales	April 2016	2.0	-0.1	0.0	-1.1	-2.9	-3.7	0.7	-1.0	
Manufacturing Shipments	April 2016	3.5	0.1	-1.0	-15.9	-21.0	-15.1	-11.8	-14.7	-1
Housing Starts (000) (2)	May 2016	22.7	29.3	22.2	24.7	24.4	30.7	33.2	24.1	4
Number of existing homes sold (MLS)	May 2016	-2.7	6.1	6.8	21.1	-24.0	-17.3	-15.0	-11.3	-2
Wages and Salaries	March 2016	-0.6	0.2	-1.7	-6.7	-3.9	-2.7	-4.9	-5.0	-
Value of merchandise exports (1)	* May 2016	0.0	0.2		0	0.0	-25.0	-20.5	-24.9	-2
CFIB Business Barometer ®	* June 2016	22.8	20.9	8.2	177.4	-30.2	-42.4	-3.9	-34.8	-:
PRICES										
Consumer Price Index (1)	May 2016	0.4	0.1	0.9	4.8	-0.4	1.6	1.5	1.6	
Average Hourly Earnings (1)	* June 2016	0.4	0.1	0.0	4.0	0.4	3.4	1.9	3.0	
Price of New Housing inc. Land (1)	April 2016	0.0	0.0	-0.3	-1.2	0.0	-0.1	-0.2	-0.4	
Avg. Price of Existing Homes Sold (MLS)	May 2016	0.7	1.4	0.0	1.3	-0.9	-1.9	-0.7	-1.1	
LABOR MARKET										
Job creation (000)	* June 2016	-1.9	-24.1	-20.8	-15.6	-6.1	-4.3	-51.6	-36.5	
Unemployment	* June 2016	7.9	7.8	7.2	7.6	7.6	7.1	-51.6 5.8	-36.5 7.6	
Participation rate	* June 2016	71.8	7.8 71.9	72.3	7.0	7.6	7.1	72.8	7.6	
DITION COLUMNIA										
RITISH COLUMBIA DOMESTIC DEMAND AND REVENUE										
Retail Sales	April 2016	2.4	-1.1	1.2	10.0	5.9	6.4	7.9	7.4	
Manufacturing Shipments	April 2016	-1.3	3.0	-1.0	4.4	3.1	0.2	2.2	1.0	
Housing Starts (000) (2)	May 2016	37.7	48.2	43.7	43.2	42.3	37.4	25.6	43.8	
Number of existing homes sold (MLS)	May 2016	-4.9	0.9	2.2	29.2	43.1	27.3	24.9	34.5	
Wages and Salaries	March 2016	-0.1	1.0	-0.2	3.0	3.7	3.6	3.2	3.1	
Value of merchandise exports	* May 2016	-0.5	-0.7	-2.0	-15.0	-0.2	0.3	-5.9	0.0	
CFIB Business Barometer ®	* June 2016	3.1	2.7	4.6	37.2	-2.3	-9.1	-3.5	-9.3	
PRICES										
Consumer Price Index (1)	May 2016	0.7	0.0	0.8	5.0	0.9	1.5	1.7	1.8	
Average Hourly Earnings (1)	* June 2016		2.0	2.0		0	1.8	1.5	0.9	
Price of New Housing inc. Land (1)	April 2016	0.3	0.3	0.8	6.1	4.3	2.1	3.8	3.6	
Avg. Price of Existing Homes Sold (MLS)	May 2016	-1.5	-1.7	0.0	-1.3	27.6	16.2	15.3	20.2	
LABOR MARKET										
Job creation (000)	* June 2016	16.0	-8.4	13.0	6.9	7.5	5.8	70.0	44.9	
JOD Cleation (000)										
Unemployment	* June 2016	5.9	6.1	5.8	5.9	6.3	6.3	5.9	6.3	

Sources: Datastream, Canadian Real estate Association and BCStats

* Update (1) Not Seasonally Adjusted (2) Annual Rate (3) Compared to sdame priod of the preceding year, unless otherwise stated



Annex - Economic tables

Annex - Economic									onal Bank of	Canada
TABLE	5 - INTERI				OMIC	INDIC	4TORS	S		
			ıly 8, 20		A	-li d O	4L (0/ \			
Growth Rates Unless	Reference	Past	nly Growth Prev.	Month		alized Grow erage of the		Since	Year-to-c	late (2)
Otherwise Indicated	Period	Month	Month	<u>Before</u>	3 Mos		<u>12 Mos.</u>	12 Mos.	ref.	pre
OECD leading index	April 2016	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.4	-0.7	-0.5	-0.7	-0.7	-0.
JAPAN										
Consumer confidence - percenbtage (1)	June 2016	42.5	41.5	40.7	41.6	41.4	41.4	42.4	41.4	41
Retail Sales (1)	May 2016						-0.1	-1.9	-0.8	-1
Industrial Production, Volume Index	May 2016	-2.3	0.5	3.8	2.1	-2.9	-1.4	-1.8	-2.6	-2
Exports Imports	May 2016 May 2016	-1.3 1.0	-1.3 -3.8	-0.1 -1.8	-11.6 -23.8	-14.2 -24.9	-3.7 -12.7	-8.4 -16.3	-9.1 -17.3	-7
Merchandise trade bal. (Billions of ¥)	* May 2016	3,286	4,089	4,318	3,898	2,906	1,301	-1,300	16,330	-5,3
Current account (Billions of ¥)	* May 2016	141	163	190	165	161	151	143	801	6
Inflation (CPI)	May 2016	0.1	-0.2	-0.1	-0.4	-0.4	0.1	-0.3	-0.1	1
Job offers to applicants ratio	May 2016	1.36	1.34	1.30	1.33	1.31	1.27	1.18	1.31	1.
Unemployment Rate	May 2016	3.2 Q1 2016	3.2 Q4 2015	3.2	3.2	3.2 Q1 2015	3.3 Q4 2014	3.3 2015	3.2 2014	20
Gross Domestic Product (Constant Yen)		1.9	-1.8	1.7	-1.7	5.2	2.1	0.6	-0.1	1
Euro-zone										
Volume Retail Sales	* May 2016	0.4	0.2	-0.6	-0.3	1.9	2.5	1.7	1.9	2
Industrial Production exc. Construction	April 2016	1.1	-0.7	-1.2	0.4	2.1	1.7	2.0	1.7	1
Exports	April 2016	4.9	-0.8	0.6	0.2	0.0	2.3	2.4	-0.8	6
Imports	April 2016	2.6	-3.0	0.7	-4.9	-3.7	-0.1	-3.4	-3.0	
Merch. Trade Bal. (Millions of euros)	April 2016	28,042	23,705	20,566	24,104	21,623	21,308	22,164	92,910	80,5
Inflation (CPI)	June 2016	0.2	0.4	0.0	5.0	-0.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	-(
Unemployment Rate	May 2016	10.1 Q1 2016	10.2 Q4 2015	10.2 Q3 2015	10.2 Q2 2015	10.3 Q1 2015	10.5 Q4 2014	11.0 2013	10.2 2012	1 ²
Gross Domestic Product (Constant Euro)		2.2	1.7	1.3	1.5	2.2	1.5	-0.4	-0.7	(
UNITED KINGDOM										
Consumer Confidence (Diffusion index)	June 2016	-1	-2	1	-1	1	1	5	1	
Retail Sales	May 2016	0.9	2.0	-0.6	5.9	5.0	4.5	6.0	4.9	4
Manufacturing, energy and mining output	* May 2016 * May 2016	-0.6	2.1	0.5	7.6	0.1	1.1	1.4	0.9	1
Exports (1)	. Way 2010	-8.2	8.1	3.1	28.8	0.8	-2.6	-4.1	-1.1	-1
Imports (1)	* May 2016 * May 2016	-4.7	0.1	1.2	7.0	-0.5	-0.9	2.8	0.8	(
Merchandise Trade Bal. (Millions of £)	Way 2016	-9,879	-9,414	-11,323	-10,205	-10,788	-11,435	-11,119	-53,598	-50,9
Inflation (CPI harmonized) (1)	May 2016	0.2	0.0	0.6	2.1	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.3	1
Producer price index, manufacturing (1)	May 2016	0.1	0.3	0.4	2.6	-1.0	-1.3	-0.7	-0.9	-1
House prices Unemployment Rate (3-month mov. av.)	* June 2016 April 2016	1.3 5.0	0.9 5.1	-0.8 5.1	4.7 5.1	8.9 5.1	9.2 5.3	8.7 5.5	9.2 5.1	5
		Q1 2016	Q4 2015	Q3 2015	Q2 2015	Q1 2015	Q4 2014	2015	2014	<u>20</u>
Gross Domestic Product (Constant £)		1.8	2.8	1.8	1.7	1.1	1.7	2.2	3.1	1
INTEREST AND EXCHANGE RATE			_							
	Reference Thursday	Current Week	Prev. Week	Week Before	Avera 13 W.	ge of last Th 26 W.	52 W.	13 w. <u>ago</u>	26 w. <u>ago</u>	52 <u>a</u> g
JAPAN										
Prime Rate	* 7 July 16	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.
3-month Financing Bill Rate	* 7 July 16	-0.31	-0.33	-0.24	-0.32	-0.22	-0.12	-0.50	-0.02	-0.
- Spread with U.S.	* 7 July 16	-0.60	-0.59	-0.54	-0.58	-0.49	-0.30	-0.73	-0.22	-0.
Yield on 10-year Gov't Bonds	* 7 July 16	-0.28	-0.23	-0.14	-0.14	-0.05	0.14	-0.05	0.25	0.
 Spread with U.S. 	* 7 July 16	-1.66	-1.72	-1.88	-1.85	-1.84	-1.85	-1.74	-1.90	-1.
Exchange Rate (¥/U.S.\$)	* 7 July 16	100.8	103.3	106.2	107.1	110.4	115.7	108.2	117.7	121
Euro Zone										
3-month Treasury Bills	* 7 July 16	-0.25	-0.25	-0.25	-0.25	-0.23	-0.15	-0.25	-0.14	-0.
- Spread with U.S.	^ 7 July 16	-0.54	-0.51	-0.55	-0.51	-0.50	-0.32	-0.48	-0.34	-0.
Exchange Rate (U.S.\$/Euro)	* 7 July 16	1.11	1.11	1.14	1.13	1.12	1.11	1.14	1.09	1.
(Yen/Euro)	* 7 July 16	111.90	114.05	120.38	120.71	123.63	128.79	123.15	127.74	134.
(Euro / £)	* 7 July 16	1.18	1.21	1.31	1.27	1.28	1.33	1.24	1.34	1.34.
UNITED KINGDOM										
2 month Tanana Dilla (Anadan)	* 7 1	0.40	0.27	0.40	0.42	0.45	0.40	0.40	0.47	0
3-month Treasury Bills (tender) - Spread with U.S.	* 7 July 16 ^ 7 July 16	0.40 0.11	0.37 0.11	0.43 0.13	0.43 0.17	0.45 0.18	0.46 0.28	0.46 0.23	0.47 0.27	0. 0.
Yield on 30-year Gov't Bonds	* 7 July 16	1.62	1.72	2.19	2.15	2.24	2.42	2.21	2.57	2.
- Spread with U.S.	* 7 July 16	-0.52	-0.58	-0.36	-0.38	-0.36	-0.36	-0.31	-0.36	-0.
Exchange Rate (U.S.\$ / £)	* 7 July 16	1.29	1.33	1.49	1.42	1.43	1.48	1.41	1.46	1.
STOCK INDICES				nly Growth		G	rowth Over	(%)	Sino	
	Reference	Level	Past Month	Prev. Month	Month Before	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	beginning ref.	of year
MOOLE										
MSCI Eafe	* July 2016	203	-7.3	0.0	4.6	-3.1	-7.2	-16.1	-11.8	C
* Update (1) Not Seasonally Adjusted	(2) Compar	ed to same p	eriod of the	preceedi	ing year, u	nless otherw	ise stated	- 5	Source: Data	stream



Annex - Economic tables

Annex - Economic t							A divis	ion of Natio	nal Bank of Canada
	TABLE				PRIC	ES			
	0		ıly 8, 20		(0/)	A	10	0/1	
	Spot P	<u>rice</u>	Last	Iy Growth Prev.	Week		d Growth (For the Last		Last
	July 7	<u>June 30</u>	Week	Week	Before	<u>13 W.</u>	26 W.	<u>52 W.</u>	Year
INDICES THOMSON-REUTERS									
Total	426.8	432.9	-1.4	1.1	0.5	61.4	31.4	1.1	422.
Energy	388.0	407.7	-4.8	1.0	6.4	151.1	61.5	-10.1	431
Grain Industrials	289.1 340.3	311.9 343.9	-7.3 -1.0	-1.7 0.2	-4.6 3.5	0.9 27.8	3.5 10.1	-15.5 -9.2	342 374
Livestock & Meat	341.3	350.0	-2.5	-0.4	-1.6	-15.6	-9.7	-10.8	382
Precious Metals	893.5	846.8	5.5	5.9	-1.8	95.9	65.4	17.7	759
PRECIOUS METALS									
Gold (\$/ounce) (AM fixing London)	1367.10	1317.00	3.8	4.0	-3.2	48.9	55.6	17.6	1162.1
Platinum (\$/ounce) (AM fixing London)	1086.0	1004.0	8.2	3.0	-0.9	74.4	56.2	4.6	1038
Silver (\$/ounce) (Handy & Harman)	0.2	0.2	6.0	6.7	-1.9	173.9	91.9	27.7	C
Palladium (\$/ounce troy)	608.0	589.0	3.2	5.2	3.7	65.6	56.5	-7.0	654
OTHER METALS (LME)									
Aluminum (\$/tonne)	1,630	1,643	-0.8	0.6	2.6	45.3	22.9	-1.8	1,6
Copper (\$/tonne)	4,673	4,840	-3.5	1.3	5.5	0.6	6.7	-16.8	5,6
Zinc (\$/tonne)	2,092	2,102	-0.5	3.2	2.8	108.5	96.6	4.1	2,0
Nickel (\$/tonne)	9,706	9,401	3.2	2.4	4.0	82.5	31.3	-15.3	11,4
Lead (\$/tonne)	1,808	1,785	1.3	3.5	1.7	29.3	19.4	0.0	1,8
Uranium (UxC-Ux U308 Spot \$/pound)	26.50	27.00	-1.9	3.3	-6.6	-19.8	-41.0	-27.4	36.
OTHER COMMODITIES									
Oil WTI (\$/barrel) future (NYMEX)	45.14	48.33	-6.6	-3.6	8.4	115.4	84.1	-14.5	52.
Oil (Spead with WTI \$/barrel) 1st future (West Canadian select - CME)	-14.25	-13.70	4.0	2.2	1.9	-15.2	0.0	9.6	-13.
Corn (¢/bushel) (Illinois #2)	3.2	3.4	-7.0	-6.8	-8.9	-30.9	-13.0	-20.6	2
Soy beans (¢/bushel) (Illinois #1)	10.3	11.6	-10.9	5.0	-0.6	89.3	43.4	0.7	10
Pork (¢/lb)	126.9	126.9	0.0	-9.6	18.6	-29.4	30.2	4.8	12
Beef (Cattle feeder index) (CME)	142.3	143.8	-1.0	2.1	-3.6	-35.2	-28.2	-35.4	220
Soft Wood Pulp (HWWI) Index 2010 = 100	83	82	0.1	-1.4	1.2	-1.0	5.6	-1.2	
Natural Gas (mmbtu) Henry Hub future NYMEX	2.86	2.90	-1.4	8.2	2.7	372.3	48.1	6.7	2.
Lumber 2X4	312	304	2.7	0.9	-0.2	28.2	55.2	8.1	2
Iron ore (\$/metric ton)	56	55	1.8	1.9	4.9	5.2	68.2	16.8	
All prices are in	US dollar	rs				Source	: Datas	tream	

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