Economics Group



Jay H. Bryson, Global Economist jay.bryson@wellsfargo.com • (704) 410-3274 Michael Pugliese, Economic Analyst michael.d.pugliese@wellsfargo.com • (704) 410-3156 E. Harry Pershing, Economic Analyst edward.h.pershing@wellsfargo.com • (704) 410-3034

Economic Growth in Singapore Steady in Q2

Real GDP growth in the Lion City was 2.5 percent year-over-year in Q2, matching the pace from Q1. A budding recovery in global trade has helped drive a gradual firming in economic growth in Singapore.

Budding Recovery in Global Trade Aids Singaporean Growth

Data released this morning showed Singapore's economy grew at a 0.4 percent annualized rate in Q2, a bit below the consensus expectation. Real GDP growth in the Lion City is inherently volatile on a sequential basis, so we tend to focus on the year-over-year rate. Over the past 12-months, economic growth in Singapore was 2.5 percent, matching the downwardly revised pace from Q1 (top chart).

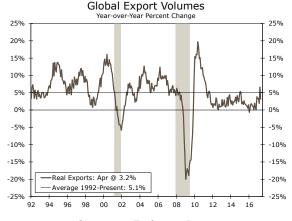
A breakdown of the real GDP data into its underlying demand components will not be available until next month. However, sector level data showed a continued recovery in the manufacturing and service sectors. Manufacturing output was up 8.0 percent in Q2, a deceleration from the pace seen over the past two quarters, but a marked improvement for factory sector production relative to the past two years. Output in the services sector accelerated on a year-ago basis for the third consecutive quarter, rising to 1.7 percent. Moreover, construction output rose 4.3 percent annualized over the quarter, however, this gain came on the heels of a sizable 14.4 percent decline in Q1. On a year-over-year basis, the pace of decline in construction lessened in Q2, but at 5.6 percent this marks the largest contraction prior to 2017 in 12 years.

The slowdown in global trade that occurred in 2015-2016 weighed heavily on the trade-reliant Singaporean economy, pulling economic growth in the island nation down to just 2.0 percent in real terms in both years. As we turn to the second half of this year, the nascent recovery in global trade that has occurred more recently has helped spur an improved global economic outlook that bodes well for a continued gradual revival in economic growth in Singapore (middle chart). Although we do not explicitly forecast real GDP in Singapore, we believe the Bloomberg consensus of 2.4 percent real GDP growth for full year 2017 to be a reasonable forecast. If realized, this would mark an improvement in economic growth relative to the past two years. That said, we do not expect global economic activity to return to the supercharged rates seen during the last expansion that would help drive economic growth in Singapore back to its pre-recession pace.

Sing Dollar Mixed, Outlook Is for Moderate Strength

Because of the open nature of Singapore's economy, along with the importance of trade, the Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS) is primarily concerned with the nation's exchange rate. The Sing dollar has been mixed against the major currencies of the world recently, having strengthened against the U.S. dollar but softened against other currencies, such as the euro. Our currency strategy team looks for the U.S. dollar to depreciate modestly versus the Sing dollar in coming quarters amid generalized greenback weakness (bottom chart).







Source: IHS Global Insight and Wells Fargo Securities

Wells Fargo Securities Economics Group

Diane Schumaker-Krieg	Global Head of Research,	(704) 410-1801	diane.schumaker@wellsfargo.com
Diane Schumaker-Krieg	Economics & Strategy	(212) 214-5070	dianc.schumaker@wenstargo.com
John E. Silvia, Ph.D.	Chief Economist	(704) 410-3275	john.silvia@wellsfargo.com
Mark Vitner	Senior Economist	(704) 410-3277	mark.vitner@wellsfargo.com
Jay H. Bryson, Ph.D.	Global Economist	(704) 410-3274	jay.bryson@wellsfargo.com
Sam Bullard	Senior Economist	(704) 410-3280	sam.bullard@wellsfargo.com
Nick Bennenbroek	Currency Strategist	(212) 214-5636	nicholas.bennenbroek@wellsfargo.com
Anika R. Khan	Senior Economist	(212) 214-8543	anika.khan@wellsfargo.com
Eugenio J. Alemán, Ph.D.	Senior Economist	(704) 410-3273	eugenio.j.aleman@wellsfargo.com
Azhar Iqbal	Econometrician	(704) 410-3270	azhar.iqbal@wellsfargo.com
Tim Quinlan	Senior Economist	(704) 410-3283	tim.quinlan@wellsfargo.com
Eric Viloria, CFA	Currency Strategist	(212) 214-5637	eric.viloria@wellsfargo.com
Sarah House	Economist	(704) 410-3282	sarah.house@wellsfargo.com
Michael A. Brown	Economist	(704) 410-3278	michael.a.brown@wellsfargo.com
Jamie Feik	Economist	(704) 410-3291	jamie.feik@wellsfargo.com
Erik Nelson	Currency Strategist	(212) 214-5652	erik.f.nelson@wellsfargo.com
Michael Pugliese	Economic Analyst	(704) 410-3156	michael.d.pugliese@wellsfargo.com
E. Harry Pershing	Economic Analyst	(704) 410-3034	edward.h.pershing@wellsfargo.com
Hank Carmichael	Economic Analyst	(704) 410-3059	john.h.carmichael@wellsfargo.com
Donna LaFleur	Executive Assistant	(704) 410-3279	donna.lafleur@wellsfargo.com
Dawne Howes	Administrative Assistant	(704) 410-3272	dawne.howes@wellsfargo.com

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