# **Economics Group**



Jay H. Bryson, Global Economist jay.bryson@wellsfargo.com • (704) 410-3274 Michael Pugliese, Economist michael.d.pugliese@wellsfargo.com • (212) 214-5058 Abigail Kinnaman, Economic Analyst abigail.kinnaman@wellsfargo.com • (704) 410-1570

# Singapore Manufactures an Acceleration in GDP

Real GDP growth in Singapore was 4.3 percent year over year in Q1, led by robust manufacturing output. The Monetary Authority of Singapore adjusted policy to allow the Sing dollar to modestly appreciate over time.

### Manufacturing Sector Drives Real GDP Growth in Singapore

Data released this morning showed Singapore's economy grew at a 1.4 percent annualized rate in Q1. The quarter-to-quarter data in Singapore are notoriously volatile, so we typically use year-over-year measures to gauge the underlying trends in output. On that basis, real GDP growth rose 4.3 percent, up from 3.6 percent in Q4. Manufacturing output climbed 23.3 percent over the quarter and 10.1 percent over the year, with particular strength in the semiconductor sector. While demand-side GDP data are not yet available, the surge in factory sector output suggests exports may have helped to fuel growth in Q1. Construction output remained in negative territory on a year-ago basis but rose in the quarter for the first time in a year, lessening the severity of the year-over-year decline.

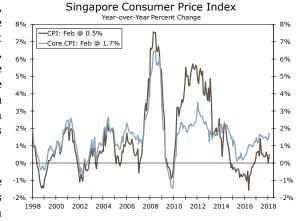
Singapore's open, trade-oriented economy is highly susceptible to swings in global conditions. At the moment, this bellwether reflects the broader story of the global economy: firmer growth than seen over the 2014-2016 period, but well short of the supercharged growth rates that were achieved in the mid-2000s. Inflation has risen, with the core CPI in Singapore at its highest year-ago pace since October 2014. Price growth remains largely in check, however, and the Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS) expects that core inflation will come in within the upper half of the 1-2 percent forecast range if economic conditions evolve as expected. One potential key to the inflation outlook for the island city-state is oil prices. The MAS noted that "although global oil prices experienced sporadic spikes in Q1, they should ease as supply remains responsive."

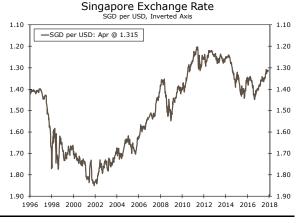
#### **MAS Nudges Policy Towards a Stronger Sing Dollar**

Unlike most central banks, the MAS targets a nominal effective exchange rate for its currency due to the importance of trade for the Lion City's economy. The central bank's "policy band" creates guardrails within which the MAS tries to keep the currency floating. At its policy meeting today, the MAS decided to increase slightly the slope of the policy band, which previously was zero. The practical implications of this change is that the MAS will permit a "modest and gradual appreciation path" of the Sing dollar's nominal effective exchange rate.

This move by the central bank reflects the improvement in economic growth and firming inflation that has taken place over the past 18 months or so. The policy adjustment comes at an interesting time given Singapore's heavy reliance on trade and the ongoing economic saber rattling between the United States and China. It appears the MAS felt the risk of an inflation overshoot outweighed the uncertainty related to a possible trade war, at least for the time being. A move by the central bank of an export-oriented economy to allow the domestic currency to appreciate is a vote of confidence in the economic outlook.







Source: IHS Markit and Wells Fargo Securities

## Wells Fargo Securities Economics Group

Diane Schumaker-Krieg	Global Head of Research, Economics & Strategy	(704) 410-1801 (212) 214-5070	diane.schumaker@wellsfargo.com
John E. Silvia, Ph.D.	Chief Economist	(704) 410-3275	john.silvia@wellsfargo.com
Mark Vitner	Senior Economist	(704) 410-3277	mark.vitner@wellsfargo.com
Jay H. Bryson, Ph.D.	Global Economist	(704) 410-3274	jay.bryson@wellsfargo.com
Sam Bullard	Senior Economist	(704) 410-3280	sam.bullard@wellsfargo.com
Nick Bennenbroek	Currency Strategist	(212) 214-5636	nicholas.bennenbroek@wellsfargo.com
Eugenio J. Alemán, Ph.D.	Senior Economist	(704) 410-3273	eugenio.j.aleman@wellsfargo.com
Azhar Iqbal	Econometrician	(704) 410-3270	azhar.iqbal@wellsfargo.com
Tim Quinlan	Senior Economist	(704) 410-3283	tim.quinlan@wellsfargo.com
Eric Viloria, CFA	Currency Strategist	(212) 214-5637	eric.viloria@wellsfargo.com
Sarah House	Senior Economist	(704) 410-3282	sarah.house@wellsfargo.com
Michael A. Brown	Economist	(704) 410-3278	michael.a.brown@wellsfargo.com
Charlie Dougherty	Economist	(704) 410-6542	charles.dougherty@wellsfargo.com
Jamie Feik	Economist	(704) 410-3291	jamie.feik@wellsfargo.com
Erik Nelson	Currency Strategist	(212) 214-5652	erik.f.nelson@wellsfargo.com
Michael Pugliese	Economist	(212) 214-5058	michael.d.pugliese@wellsfargo.com
Harry Pershing	Economic Analyst	(704) 410-3034	harry.pershing@wellsfargo.com
Hank Carmichael	<b>Economic Analyst</b>	(704) 410-3059	john.h.carmichael@wellsfargo.com
Ariana Vaisey	Economic Analyst	(704) 410-1309	ariana.b.vaisey@wellsfargo.com
Abigail Kinnaman	Economic Analyst	(704) 410-1570	abigail.kinnaman@wellsfargo.com
Shannon Seery	Economic Analyst	(704) 410-1681	shannon.seery@wellsfargo.com
Donna LaFleur	<b>Executive Assistant</b>	(704) 410-3279	donna.lafleur@wellsfargo.com
Dawne Howes	Administrative Assistant	(704) 410-3272	dawne.howes@wellsfargo.com

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