

Wednesday, 23 October 2024

KBC Sunrise Market Commentary

Markets

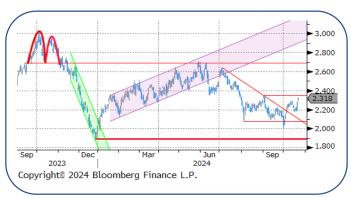
Core bonds closed near/below Monday's sell-off lows despite a very brief intraday rebound attempt. US yields closed up to 2 bps higher at the front end with German yields grinding 2.5 bps – 3.5 bps higher across the curve. During overnight Asian trading, the US Note future keeps drifting away. We set out before that this move, together with USD strength (EUR/USD closed below 1.08 for the first time since August 1st), is a momentum trade going into US Presidential elections. Both president-candidates are running on a platform of fiscal stimulus (Trump > Harris) on top of already bloated public finances. Yesterday's Bund underperformance was somewhat at odds, especially at the front end of the curve, with most ECB comments tilting to the soft side. ECB Centeno doesn't believe that the projected inflation uptick in the final months of the year will reach much above 2%. At the same time, the EMU is not growing, investment is almost flat and labor market resilience is faltering. He therefore sees a risk of undershooting the inflation target, suggesting a gradual continuation towards neutral policy rate levels. Centeno sees neutral at about 2% or slightly below. If data deteriorate further, Centeno is willing to step it up (50 bps rate cut) on the path to neutral. ECB President Lagarde confirmed that the direction of travel is clear and that the pace will be determined on the basis of backward- and forward-looking elements pointing to inflation sustainably returning to the 2% inflation target. That's expected to happen somewhere next year. Some components likes services inflation remain sticky, but wage pressure for example shows signs of abating. With these comments, Lagarde in any case doesn't push back against building market odds (50/50) that the ECB could lower its policy rate by 50 bps in December already. Tomorrow's PMI surveys are the first of a number of data in the long build-up to that meeting. ECB Holzmann pointed out that the disinflation process is running faster than expected with ECB Villeroy flagging significant downside risks to both growth and inflation, suggesting that the ECB can't err on the side of leaving its restrictive policy in place for too long. ECB Rehn warned as well that weaker growth could increase disinflationary pressures. Today's eco calendar contains another avalanche of central bank speakers while eco data are confined to EMU consumer confidence and the release of the Fed's Beige Book. We don't fight ruling market trends.

News & Views

- The IMF in its updated World Economic Outlook lowered global output growth in 2025 by 0.1 ppt to 3.2% while keeping the one for this year unchanged at 3.2%. US forecasts were lifted for both 2024 and 2025 to 2.8% (+0.2 ppts) and 2.2% (+0.3 ppts) on stronger consumption. Persistent weakness in manufacturing in Germany and Italy pushed the euro area prognosis down for this year (0.8%, -0.1 ppt) and 2025 (1.2%, -0.3 ppts). China over the same horizon was cut to 4.8% and left unchanged at 4.5% respectively. Inflation should slow from 5.8% this year to 4.3% in the next. The new estimates come with several warnings. Risks are building to the downside and uncertainty is growing on geopolitics and regional conflicts, the rise of protectionism and potential trade disruptions. Tariffs and trade uncertainty could shave 0.5 ppt of global economic output in 2026, the IMF's chief economist said. It once again stressed the need to stabilize borrowing. Risks to the debt outlook are heavily tilted to the upside "With little political appetite to cut spending amid pressures to fund cleaner energy, support aging populations and bolster security." The same IMF last week warned that global debt would top the \$100tn mark, or 93% of GDP, by the end of this year.
- A Chinese policy think tank called on the country's leaders to issue CNY 2tn (or some \$280bn) of special treasury bonds to set up a stock market stabilization fund, a national business newspaper reported. As a part of its quarterly report on the economy, the Institute of Finance & Banking (IFB) said this could steady the market by buying and selling blue-chips and ETFs. The central bank's governor Pan Gongsheng last month said that a study of such a potential setup of such a stabilization fund was under way. The IFB also proposed more investment by long-term capital to act as a stabilizer, suggesting China could raise the ceiling of stock investment by insurance companies and the national pension fund.

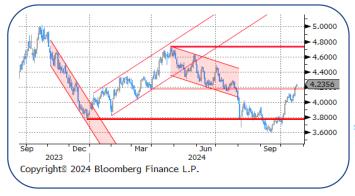


Graphs



GE 10y yield

The ECB delivered a third rate cut in October as the outlook deteriorated and inflation is expected to reach the target sooner than thought. Another reduction in December is highly likely even though Lagarde refrained from official guidance. The path towards neutral (2-2.5%) should eventually aid an ailing economy. Against this background and with a little help from ongoing strong US data, the 2% support in the 10-yr yield looks solid.



US 10y yield

The Fed kicked off its easing cycle with a 50 bps move, turning the focus from inflation to a potential slowdown in growth/employment. Strong US

September payrolls suggest the economy doesn't need more aggressive Fed support for now (25 bps steps will do), but the debate might resurface as the economic cycle develops. 3.60% acted as strong support before a rebound (and resumption of fiscal-related steepening trend) kicked in.



EUR/USD

EUR/USD twice tested the 1.12 big figure as the dollar lost interest rate support at stealth pace. Bets on fast and large rate cuts trumped traditional safe haven flows into USD. An ailing euro(pean economy) offset some of the general USD weakness. After solid early October US data, the dollar regained traction, with EUR/USD breaking the 1.1002 neckline. Targets of this pattern are near 1.08.



EUR/GBP

The BoE delivered a hawkish cut in August. Policy restrictiveness will further unwound gradually, starting November 7. The economic picture between the UK and Europe also diverged to the benefit of sterling. BoE Bailey's call for an activist approach doesn't get backed by the data so far. EUR/GBP is testing the 0.83 support zone ahead of the first Labour budget due October 30.



Calendar & Table

Wednesday, 23 October		Consensus	Previous
US			
16:00	Existing Home Sales Total/MoM (Sep)	3.88m/0.50%	3.86m/-2.50%
Canada			
15:45	Bank of Canada Rate Decision	3.75%	4.25%
EMU			
16:00	Consumer Confidence (Oct P)	-12.5	-12.9
Events			
Q3 earnings	Boeing (bef-mkt), Coca-Cola (bef-mkt), Western Union (22:05), Tesla (aft-m	kt)	
11:30	Germany to Sell EU4 Billion of 2.6% 2034 Bonds		
15:00	BOE's Breeden Speaks		
15:00	Fed's Bowman Gives Opening Remarks		
16:00	ECB's Lagarde Speaks in Washington		
16:00	ECB's Lane Speaks in Washington		
17:30	ECB's Cipollone Speaks in Washington		
18:00	ECB's Escriva Speaks in Washington		
18:00	Fed's Barkin Speaks About Community Colleges		
19:00	RBNZ Governor Speaks on Monetary Policy		
20:00	Federal Reserve Releases Beige Book		
20:15	ECB's Knot Speaks in Washington		
21:00	ECB's Centeno Speaks in Washington		
22:30	BOE's Bailey Speaks		

10-year	Close	<u>-1d</u>		2-year	<u>Close</u>	<u>-1d</u>	Stocks	<u>Close</u>	<u>-1d</u>
US	4.21	0.01		US	4.03	0.00	DOW	42924.89	-6.71
DE	2.32	0.04		DE	2.18	0.00	NASDAQ	18573.13	33.12
BE	2.91	0.04		BE	2.33	0.02	NIKKEI	38113.2	-298.76
UK	4.17	0.03		UK	4.07	0.02	DAX	19421.91	-39.28
JP	0.99	0.01		JP	0.45	0.00	DJ euro-50	4939.31	-1.91
IRS	<u>EUR</u>	<u>USD</u>	GBP	EUR	<u>-1d</u>	<u>-2d</u>	USD	<u>-1d</u>	<u>-2d</u>
Зу	2.31	3.74	3.83	€STR	3.4160	0.0010			
5y	2.34	3.69	3.74	Euribor-1	3.1310	-0.0140	SOFR-1	4.7404	-0.0112
10y	2.46	3.74	3.78	Euribor-3	3.0980	-0.0400	SOFR-3	4.6296	-0.0164
				Euribor-6	2.9540	-0.0180	SOFR-6	4.4558	-0.0188
Currencies	Close	<u>-1d</u>		Currencies	Close	<u>-1d</u>	Commodities	Close	<u>-1d</u>
EUR/USD	1.0799	-0.0016		EUR/JPY	163.17	0.04	CRB	284.24	3.17
USD/JPY	151.08	0.24		EUR/GBP	0.8317	-0.0012	Gold	2759.80	20.90
GBP/USD	1.2984	-0.0001		EUR/CHF	0.9346	-0.0021	Brent	76.04	1.75
AUD/USD	0.6682	0.0023		EUR/SEK	11.3868	-0.0355			
USD/CAD	1.3818	-0.0013		EUR/NOK	11.7899	-0.0552			



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