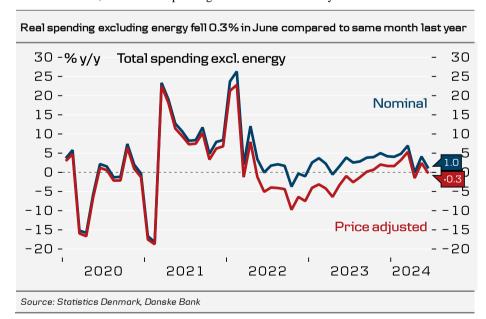


10 July 2024

Spending Monitor

Spending setback in June

- Danish card data suggests that spending excluding energy increased by 1.0% in June compared to the same month the year before. Consumer prices excluding energy increased 1.3% over the same period, meaning that in real terms spending excluding energy decreased by 0.3%.
- The setback in consumption is a bit surprising to us considering solid increases in real wages and consumer confidence during Q2. We still expect decent growth in consumption in 2024, but the consumption figures from June indicate that although the overall trend is strengthening consumption, we can see setbacks now and then. In addition, the upside risk that we previously highlighted for consumption has decreased due to upward adjustments in historical data from Statistics Denmark for consumption relative to income.
- Retail trade decreased 0.4% in real terms in June, and especially spending in clothing, shoe, DIY and jewellery stores dropped compared to June last year. On the other hand, spending in furniture stores continue to perform well nominally, and with prices down around 11% compared to June last year, furniture spending is increasing rapidly in real terms. However, spending in furniture stores is still below pre-covid levels if we adjust for price developments. We also saw decent growth in sporting goods stores as well as electronics stores.
- Travel spending improved somewhat in June. Spending at travel agencies bounced back
 into positive growth territory for the first time since March. Nominal airlines spending
 growth continues to be positive but taking into account flight prices increasing nearly
 16% in June, real airlines spending is still lower than last year.

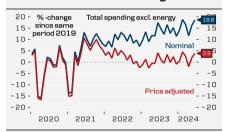


Notes on the spending data

The spending data is based on transactions online and offline, both domestically and abroad, with cards in stores for around 1 m Danske Bank Danish personal customers with active accounts. All data is anonymised and non-referable.

The spending data is used as a proxy for private consumption. However, it does not include cash spending, MobilePay and account transfers. Hence, notably, fixed costs and spending on housing are not included. Changes in cash and mobile spending patterns will also affect the data.

Real spending was higher than precovid levels for second straight month



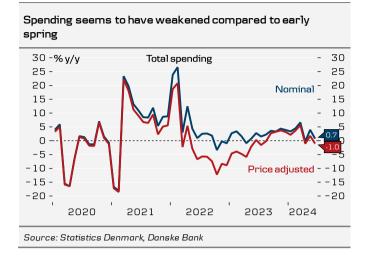
Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

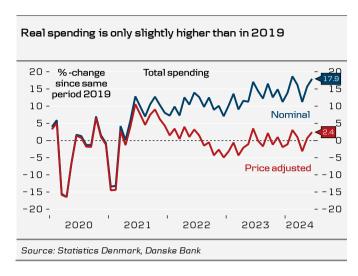
Chief Economist Las Olsen +45 45 14 14 94 laso@danskebank.dk

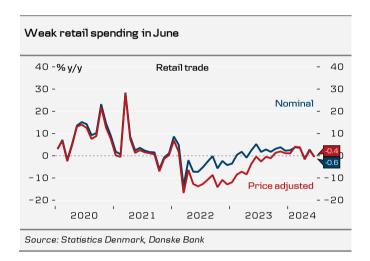
Assistant Analyst Magnus Poulsen magpo@danskebank.dk

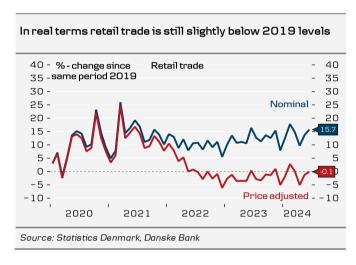


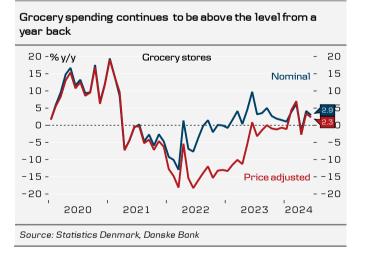
Nominal and real changes in monthly spending

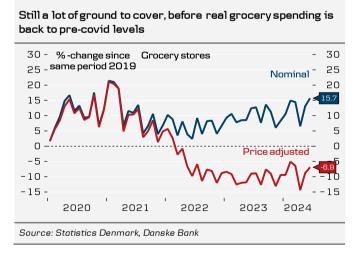




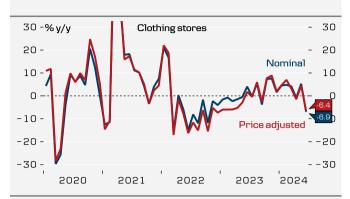








Very weak spending in clothing stores in June



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been capped.

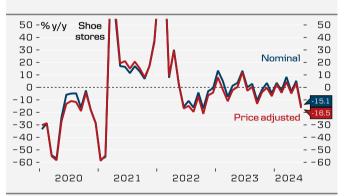
Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Spending in clothing stores continues to be above pre-covid levels



Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Very weak spending in shoe stores in June



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been capped.

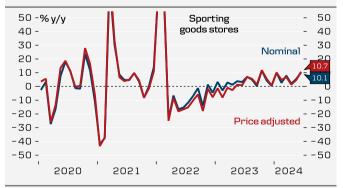
Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Real spending in shoe stores has been below pre-covid levels since 2021



Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

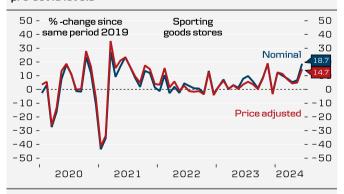
Y/y growth in sporting goods stores have increased in recent months



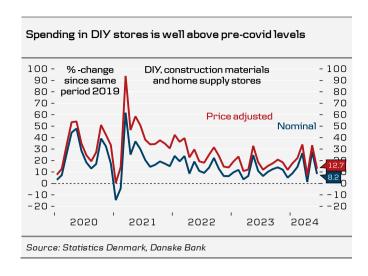
Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been

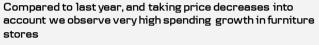
Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Spending in sporting goods stores continues to be above pre-covid levels



DIY spending fell in June compared to same month last year 60 -% y/y 60 DIY. construction materials and home supply stores 50 50 40 40 Nominal 30 30 20 20 10 10 \cap -10 -20 - -20 Price adjusted -30 - -30 2023 2024 2020 2021 2022 Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank





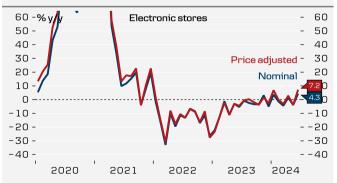


Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been capped.

Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Real furniture spending is nearing the pre-covid levels 60 -60 % -change Furniture stores 50 since same 50 period 2019 40 -40 30 30 Nominal ⁻ 20 20 10 0 -10 -20 20 -30 Price adjusted - -30 -40 -40 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

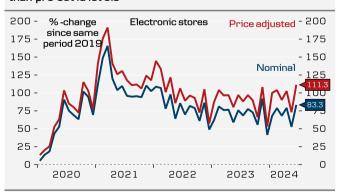
Electronic spending growth is back in positive territory in June



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been capped.

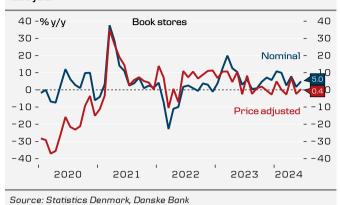
Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Spending in electronics stores continues to be much higher than pre-covid levels

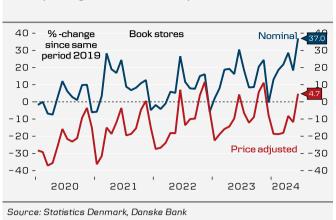




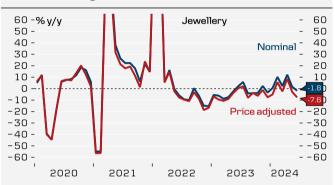
Real spending in book stores around the same level as June last year



Book spending in June was above pre-covid levels



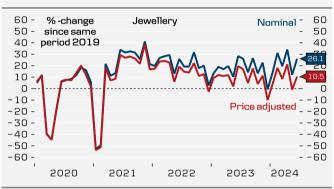
Real y/y spending growth in Jewellery stores was negative for second straight month



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been

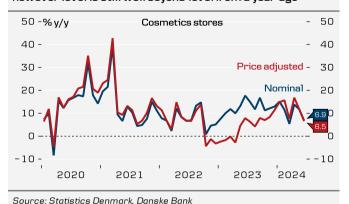
Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Spending in Jewellery stores was above pre-covid levels in June

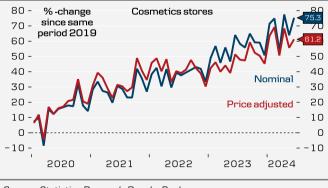


Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Spending growth in cosmetics stores dropped in June, however level is still well beyond level from a year ago



Spending in cosmetics stores continues to perform well compared to pre-covid levels



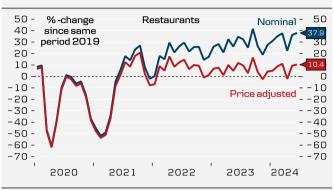
Restaurant spending is fluctuating around the level from one year back



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been capped.

Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Most months restaurant spending is above pre-covid levels



Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Real spending in hotels was below the level from a year ago



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been capped.

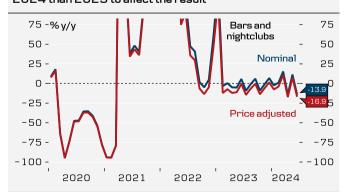
Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Spending in hotels seems to have stabilized above pre-covid levels



Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

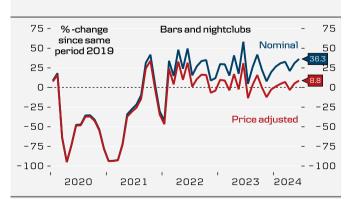
Spending in bars and nightclubs was much lower than June last year, we suspect the later timing of Roskilde Festival in 2024 than 2023 to affect the result



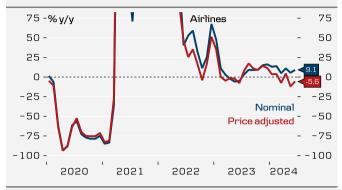
Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been

Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Spending in bars and nightclubs increased compared to June 2019



Real airlines spending looks weak compared to June last year, mainly because of higher prices

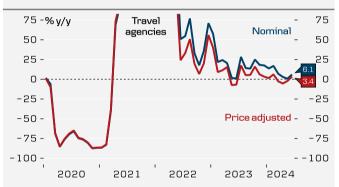


Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been capped.

Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Airlines spending was above 2019 level in June 75 -75 %-change **Dirlines** since same Nominal 50 -50 period 2019 25 -25 -25 Price adjusted -50 --50 -75 --75 -100 --100 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

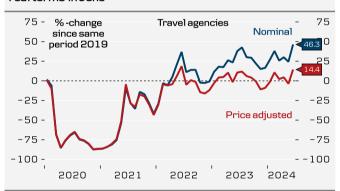
Spending growth in travel agencies back in positive territory in June



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been capped.

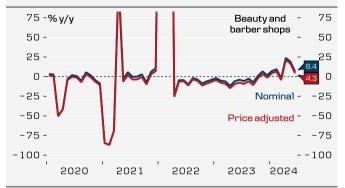
Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Spending in travel agencies back above pre-covid levels in real terms in June



Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Spending growth in beauty and barber shops has been above the level from a year ago for a few months now



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been

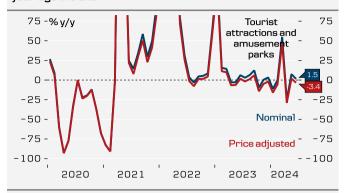
Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Real spending in beauty and barber shops are still way below pre-covid levels





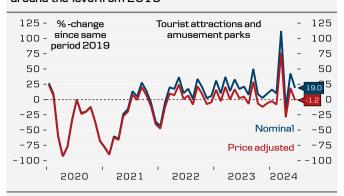
Spending in tourist attractions back below the level from a year ago in June $\,$



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been capped.

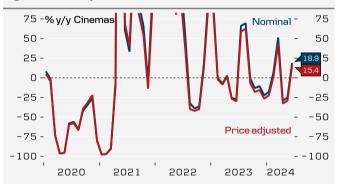
Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Spending growth in tourist attractions fluctuates heavily around the level from 2019



Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

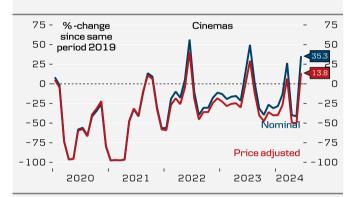
Cinema spending increased compared to June from a year ago, but are very volatile



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been capped.

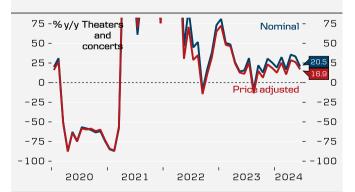
Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

Cinema spending back in very positive growth territory



Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

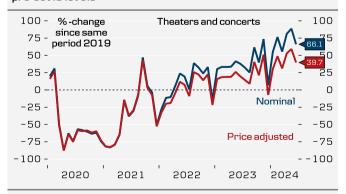
Spending in cultural institutions continues to perform well



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been

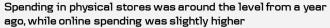
Source: Statistics Denmark, Danske Bank

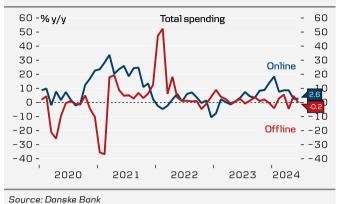
Spending in cultural institutions continues to be well above pre-covid levels



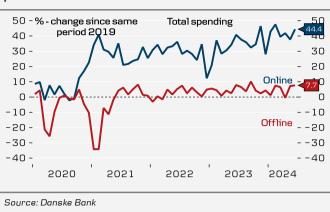


Nominal changes in monthly online and offline spending

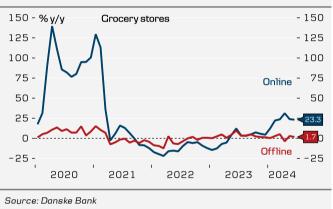




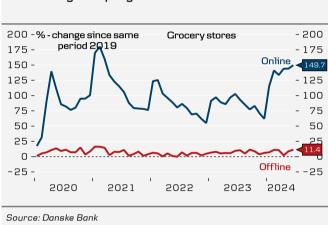
Nominal spending in physical stores have stabilized above pre-covide levels



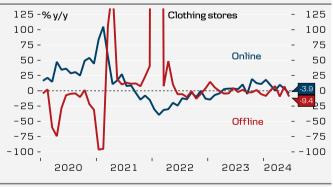
Rapid growth in online grocery spending over the past 6 months, while growth in physical stores is also slightly positive



Online groecery spending seems to have gained an extra boost during this spring



Both online and offline spending in clothing stores was lower than June last year



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been capped.

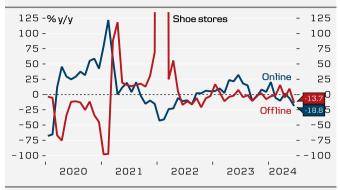
Source: Danske Bank

Offline clothing spending still lacks behind pre covid levels



Source: Danske Bank

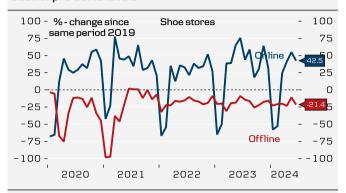
Both online and offline spending in shoe stores was lower than June last year



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been capped.

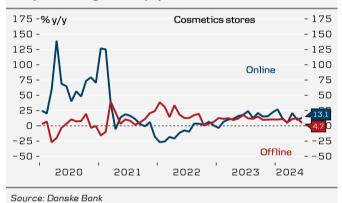
Source: Danske Bank

Still some ground to cover before offline shoe spending is back to pre-covid levels

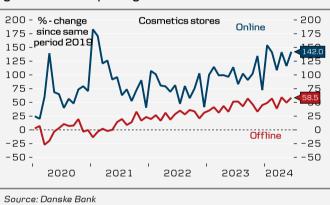


Source: Danske Bank

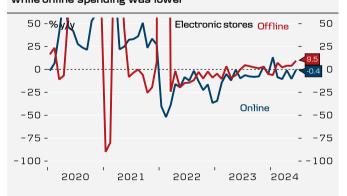
Online cosmetics spending grew rapidly compared to June last year, while growth in physical stores was modest



Very high growth in cosmetics stores is primary driven by growth in online spending



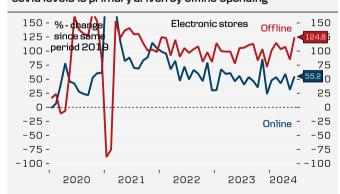
Offline electronics spending higher than June last year, while online spending was lower



Notes: Due to very large growth rates driven by lockdowns, the y-axis has been capped.

Source: Danske Bank

Higher spending in electronics stores compared to precovid levels is primary driven by offline spending



Source: Danske Bank



Disclosure

This research report has been prepared by Danske Bank A/S ('Danske Bank'). The authors of this research report are Las Olsen, Chief Economist, and Magnus Poulsen, Assistant Analyst.

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Ad hoc

Date of first publication

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